

**GOVERNMENT
STILL TAKEN
DURING RAID**

A government still, stolen some time ago from the federal government, was found Friday by federal prohibition agents, near Lavall, Mo., in Stoddard county, and two men, one charged with owning the still and the other with being an employee at the whiskey manufacturing plant, were arrested.

Frank Riley, alleged notorious moonshiner, and Pop Ququet, aged about 65, were placed under arrest. Both were at the still, and it was in operation when the federal agents, under T. L. Harris, arrived at the place.

Riley is the man who shot and killed Charles McMullin, Sikeston resident, some months ago. He was acquitted when he pleaded self-defense. He has also been convicted in federal and state courts in connection with liquor law violations.

"We purchased two quarts of whiskey from Riley's field man some days ago," said Harris this morning. "We located the still through him, and he never suspected us. Horace Ettinger and I went over yesterday morning early. Ququet was at the still getting the fire going, and we waited for some time before Riley appeared. When he came up, he complained to Ququet that the next time I hire a man, he will get down to business early."

Harris says Ququet is from Albany, Ky., and has been employed by Riley for some months. They were arrested and brought to Poplar Bluff, arriving here about 7 o'clock last night. Today they were taken to Cape Girardeau.

The still, as explained by Harris, was larger at the top than the bottom. The government label had been cut off and the still patched. It was impossible to get any information concerning the former location of the still, but it is presumed it was brought from Kentucky.

"The still was one of the finest I have ever seen," said Harris. "It was a 350 gallon capacity affair, and a second and smaller still was so arranged as to be used as sort of condenser. A two inch coil, 50 feet in length, completed the workings of the still.

Other equipment taken included 2800 gallons of mash and 95 gallons of finished whiskey.

Harris said he tried to get some of the neighbors to haul the still to the railroad station, so that it could be brought here, but they refused to have anything to do with it, claiming they were afraid of Riley. The still was so badly mutilated by the prohibition agent, however, that repairs are impossible.

Harris estimated the mash and whiskey as being worth about \$1850, under the present market value of such liquids, and the still was valued at possibly \$500.—Poplar Bluff Republican.

**MISSOURI ANTI-SALOON
LEAGUE SEEKS \$50,000**

St. Louis, October 13.—The Anti-Saloon League of Missouri has begun the Wayne B. Wheeler memorial campaign to raise not less than \$50,000, to be used in organizing the State against the possibility of Governor Al Smith, Senator James A. Reed or any other presidential candidate of similar attitude toward prohibition carrying the State.

Parker Shields, State superintendent, declared the campaign was designed to offset the \$40,000 raised by the Association Against Prohibition to promote the election of antiprohibition candidates to State and national offices.

"Uncompromising in our loyalty to the Constitution of the United States", Shields said, "and desiring to promote the enforcement of all laws for the safety, health and sobriety of our State and nation—all of which prohibition stands for—we enter into a State-wide campaign to raise \$50,000."

The fund will meet 1928 campaign expenses and will be used to fulfill the State League's national quota for support of prohibition, Shields said. As told in the Post-Dispatch last Monday, more than \$1,750,000 will be spent by Anti-Saloon League organizations in 1928 in efforts to elect a President and Congress strictly opposed to modification of the Volstead act.

Well, the experts who said Dempsey was his old self called the adjective.—Detroit News.

**HOGS ON THE FARM
THE PROFIT MAKER**

Every direction from Sikeston shows acre after acre of corn fields with a goodly percentage of the corn blown to the ground. Much of this down corn will be lost unless hogs are used to harvest the crop.

The wastage in corn fields when the corn stands good is great, and the profit to the farmer is that which he can get for the least money. Young cattle and hogs in the stalk field will do well on the fodder, the shattered corn and the peas or beans that are usually planted with the corn. Now is the time to start a herd if you do not own a few brood sows already.

Read the Dr. Wilburn hog sale in this issue and plan to buy one or more of the bred sows for a start. The sale will be at Hunter, Mo., west on the road from Poplar Bluff to Doniphan.

**A MINOR OPERATION ON
'SMOKY' SUTTON'S LEG**

A few games ago Carroll Sutton had the calf of his right leg stepped on in a football game that caused him some annoyance. Home remedies were applied without giving much relief. Last Friday morning Coach Moore took him to Dr. Rodes for an examination and it was found a large pus sack had formed between the muscles on the leg and the bone and an incision would have to be made to let the pus out. If the operation was made at that time "Smoky" would likely have to lay out of the game with Charleston in the afternoon. Dr. Rodes applied a bandage. "Smoky" went into the game and was a wonderful player. At 7:30 that evening Dr. Rodes opened the pus sack and drained a tea cup of pus from it.

Carroll was out the next day, limping some, but will be fit for the game with Caruthersville on the Sikeston grounds this Friday afternoon.

AMERICAN LEGION

Henry Meldrum Post No. 114 will hold its regular meeting on Wednesday, October 19 at 7:30 in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce.

So much for the mechanical announcement.

The postal notification giving the data contained in the first paragraph above has been sent out to each of the 88 members of the Post, but that card did not have room to give all the real inside dope on the subject.

We will take up several matters of vital interest to each member. For instance, the details of the next dance on Hallowe'en night, plans for the new Legion home in Sikeston, and the formation of a Post rifle club.

Robley Lennox and Harold Hebbeler will make complete and uncensored reports of the harrowing details of their trip to France, Italy, Germany, Belgium, England and St. Louis.

Translation rights reserved. Including the Scandinavian.

Vets of the World War, whether they are members of the Legion are invited to be present. We promise you a bigger kick than you got the first time the top kick blew his whistle, curse those whistles, and sounded off with, "Line up for pay".

If any member misses this meeting we will send flowers to his home because only serious illness could keep a Legionnaire away from the good things we will have at the meeting Wednesday night.

Dr. A. B. Wilburn, of Hunter, Mo., spent Saturday night in Sikeston the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lampert. While here he visited the dairy farm of the Hebbeler Bros. south of Sikeston to look over the arrangements of the barn and to inspect the Jersey cows. Dr. Wilburn is a breeder of pure bred Poland China hogs, and expects to establish a herd of Jerseys. His first sale of Poland China will be held Saturday, November 5.

The rescue from total ruin and decay of old McKendree Chapel, that historic old house of worship three miles east of Jackson, is now assured, as the conference in St. Louis adopted a resolution offered by Rev. Wm. Stewart, which authorizes an appeal for \$2500 to be circulated among the different churches and commanding it. A similar resolution was adopted by the M. E. Church some time ago. The two branches of Methodism now own the grounds jointly and will together bear the expense of repairing and renovating it. Rev. Stewart informed us that he hopes at least the road to the chapel can be built and opened this fall yet.—Jackson Post.

A resident of Ohio, who had previously raised wild fowl under a Federal permit but failed to submit the required report of operations and continued to make sales and shipments without renewal of the permit, was arraigned in Federal court at Toledo, Ohio, on September 19, found guilty, and fined \$300 and costs.

To engage in the business of rearing and selling migratory waterfowl, says the Bureau of Biological Survey, United States Department of Agriculture, it is first necessary to obtain a permit from the Secretary of Agriculture and then to comply with all requirements of State law. These requirements are made under the migratory bird treaty act regulations to protect and perpetuate migratory species of birds passing each year between the United States and Canada.

**ANNOUNCEMENT**

WE TAKE this method of notifying the patrons of the Star Cafe that we have purchased the interest of its former proprietresses, Mrs. Ora Sexton and Mrs. Kate Willis, and have taken charge of

THE STAR CAFE

We will continue to operate it with the same high class service and the same high class foods, both short orders and regular meals. We have made no change in the kitchen thereby assuring all that the good cooking will continue.

We will appreciate it if you will continue giving us your business and extend to those who have not in the past patronized the Star Cafe a cordial invitation to give us a trial. We will warrant a continuation of it.

**Eugene Potashnick
Joe Albright**

IT OCCURRED TO ME

The manager of Malone Theatre should be disciplined. A few weeks ago the heavyweight championship of the world was settled at the cost of many arguments, some bets, and a fist fight.

The series was won by an eastern team amid many arguments and bets. Comes now a film to Sikeston which shows conclusively that the man you bet on really won the heavyweight affair, and the championship is again undecided.

By the way. Were they kidding us when an advertisement was run for a gas range?

If your bus has possibilities, tune her up, get some more gears, and some higher test gas and see Dutch.

I'll bet you have not noticed the grease piles along Kingshighway in the business section. From the location of these grease spots, it would appear that auto owners (or installation payers) obey the parking rules. Go ahead and say that you do not look down at the sordid things of life while you are walking.

Legion masquerade hop Monday, October 31.

Statistics show that not one family in fifty has two hundred and fifty dollars cash when death casts its somber shadow on the household.

Are you "also a member" of your club or are you a worker for the organization? In one organization, which has a world-wide membership, the question came up about not allowing any lapel emblem to be worn. The lapel emblem was defended by a

group who said, "we believe it should be allowed because so many get nothing else out of their membership other than the wearing of the emblem". Food for thought.

Why is the customer of a doctor called a 'patient'?

A gag that has gone the rounds in L. A. is, 'Don't step on it. It might be Lon Chaney'. Another is, 'I have been so busy lately that I do not eat Lon Chaney more'.

The elephant lives to be two hundred. But us Democrats will testify senility sets in early.—Dallas News.

Opinion in Cairo differs as to the result of the fill on each side of the river for approaches to the bridge. Unless the Times has been misinformed, and we cannot believe this, then the fills will constitute a bottleneck far more dangerous to Cairo, this and Scott County, and the counties lying south of us which would receive the same volume of water as we would in case the levee should break north of Charleston. It would prove more disastrous to Cairo than to us, we have been told, and we can easily believe this is true. A delegation of Cairoites left last night for Chicago where they will attend a meeting of the Illinois Chamber of Commerce which will discuss flood prevention today. We would suggest that efforts first be made to obtain appropriations from the government for control and that the plan of control be secondary.

Unless the government take over the entire burden, then control will never be secured, higher levees, spillways or whatnot.—Charleston Times.

**MISS LOS SMITH
WEDS WILLIAM LOVE**

The many friends of Miss Lois Smith and Billie Love of this city will be surprised to learn that these two were married on September 4th at Metropolis, Ill. It was kept a secret until yesterday, when the fact became known.

Miss Lois is the daughter of E. Herbert Smith, co-publisher of the Enterprise-Courier, and is very popular with the younger set. She has been employed in the office of her father and brother, E. Harold Smith.

Billie Love is the son of Probate Judge, Charles R. and Mrs. Love, and is very popular with the younger set.

Both are recent graduates of the high school and carry with them the best wishes of their many friends.—Charleston Times.

**GRAND JURY SEIZES
RECORDS OF KU KLUX**

Luverne, Ala., October 14.—Records and paraphernalia of the Luverne klavern of the Ku Klux Klan were seized today in behalf of the special grand jury inquiring into wholesale floggings, and James Eddale of Birmingham, grand dragon of the Klan in Alabama, was questioned as to its activities.

Seizure of the local Klan's records at the home and office of Ira B. Thompson, reputed Klan head, were understood to have been ordered because local Klan officers refused to testify regarding its membership. Cecil Davis of Birmingham, said to be former grand titan of the Southern province of the Klan, began serving a five-day sentence today for refusing to answer questions when called before the grand jury.

Eddale, who had been summoned several days ago but was out of the state, came to Luverne today and was closeted with the grand jury for an hour and twenty minutes, but he declined to answer questions as to what was said. Attorney General McCall, who has taken personal charge of the inquiry, and local officials, declined to comment on the seizure of the Klan records.

**Short Skirts and Sleeves Affect Sale
Of Cotton Goods**

Changes in fashion have directly affected the yardage sold of all kinds of dress goods. During the past few years this has tended to decrease such sales. Cotton fabrics have suffered proportionately, if not more than other fabrics, because of the wide variety of clothing that is made from them. Changes in the length of skirts and sleeves, the straight-line dress design, the decrease in the amount of clothing worn by women, and the vogue for dress designs that cannot always be suitably developed in cotton, have been some of the factors that have influenced the reduction in consumption of cottons. Extensive advertising has also helped to make other fibers than cotton popular with women, especially when combined with fabric style forecasts.

The new minister and his wife arrived here yesterday but were at the Majestic hotel awaiting removal of Mr. and Mrs. Thogmorton so that they could take up their residence in the parsonage. Mr. Thogmorton has been Methodist preacher here for two years. He is one of the best known Methodist ministers in the St. Louis Conference.

The Rev. W. E. Brown, presiding elder here, left this morning when advised of the Caruthersville fire and injury to Mr. Thogmorton and wife.

Mr. Thogmorton is the son of the late P. G. Thogmorton, who was pastor at the Methodist church here for several years.

**SMITH REPUDIATES
'BOOSTER CLUB' DRIVES**

New York, October 14.—Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York tonight repudiated a canvass that is reported to have been made by two men in Philadelphia to obtain funds for a pro-Smith presidential booster publication, The Appeal.

Gov. Smith said solicitations for funds to promote his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for President were without his sanction and that the use of the name, "Al Smith Booster Clubs", by any promoter, was unauthorized.

"I do not assume to dictate the efforts or opinions of people in various sections of the country", the Governor said, "but I do wish it known that the collection of money for purposes of hat nature is not authorized by me".

**M'CANCE IS WATCHING
WILD TURKEY HUNTERS**

Jefferson City, October 14.—Present hunting of turkeys is being reported to the State Game and Fish Department, and orders have been issued by Commissioner Kieth McCanse all game wardens instructing them to give careful attention to this phase of the state hunting laws. Killing of wild turkeys before December 1st is prohibited.

The conservation and restocking program of the State Game and Fish Department has about doubled the number of wild turkeys in the state, it was estimated. The pre-season hunter and 'game hog' should be prevented from 'plying his trade', said McCanse.

Albert Morgan, who lives west of East Prairie, crippled a young bald eagle last Wednesday by shooting it in the wing. Morgan was on the 'second ditch' three miles west of there, when he saw this eagle flying up and down the ditch, fishing. He went back there the next day with his gun, and it was still there. It measures 5 feet from tip to tip of its wings, and is not yet nearly grown, as it could hardly fly when caught.

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
AT SIKESTON, MISSOURIEntered at the Postoffice at Sikeston,
Scott County, Missouri, as second-class
mail matter, according to act
of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net..... 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements \$10.00
Probate notices, minimum \$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties \$ 1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States \$ 2.00

REED GIVES PLATFORM IN RACE FOR PRESIDENT

Sedalia, Mo., October 12.—Senator James A. Reed's speech, delivered today to the Democrats at Sedalia, is regarded as the platform upon which he will seek the Democratic nomination for the presidency.

He declared at the outset he did not arrogate to himself the right to speak for the Democratic party, which would speak through its national platform. He added, however, as a 'rank and file Democrat' he ventured to express his views, conceding to all other loyal Democrats a like privilege.

Should Disregard Fads

The great issues of the campaign, Reed said, "should not be obscured by interparty disputes, personal ambitions, animosities, revenges and past differences".

Fads, fancies and experimental theories should be disregarded, he said, adding Democrats should "form their forces upon the battle line which Jefferson laid out".

Reed urged Democrats to rally to the flag of the Constitution and to stand for principles which he said are "eternal and may not be departed from without confusion and disaster".

This government, he asserted, "was established to protect the citizen in the enjoyment of his natural liberties and all attempts to inject into our plan of government paternalistic, so-

cialistic and regulatory schemes are dangerous and may be fatal".

Getting down to details of a platform for which Democrats should stand, Reed said:

"Let us rally our forces to the flag of the Constitution! Let us make our fight beneath banners proclaiming:

"The inalienable rights of the citizen, among which are liberty of conscience, without coercion, criticism or obloquy."

Religious Freedom

"The right of every man to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and that none shall make him afraid".

"The right of free speech, free press and peaceable assemblage.

"The right of each citizen to regulate his own personal conduct—chart his own course through life—determine his own habits and to control the affairs of his own household, free from all restraints, save that in the exercise of these natural privileges he will not interfere with the rights of others".

"Let us reassert the truth of the doctrine that:

Sovereignty of States

"If these people are to remain free, local self-government and the sovereignty of the states must be preserved.

"The federal power should be brought within the limits, not only of the letter, but also within the spirit of the Constitution.

"The march of centralization must be arrested.

"Government by boards and bureaucracies must cease".

"Let us demand:

"The honest administration of government.

"The swift and sure punishment of all public plunderers, bribe-mongers and other malefactors.

"The equalization of the burden of taxation.

"The repeal of all laws creating special privileges.

"The dismissal of an army of spies, snappers, sneaks and informers.

"The liberation of honest business from oppressive interference by governmental agents.

"The prosecution and punishment of those who, by trusts, combinations and restraints of trade make war on

"On the contrary, this government

honest business and despoil the people".

"Let us advocate the American doctrine, which places the interests of our country and our people above that of any and all other countries or peoples; which tolerates no divided allegiance; which aims to make American citizens the freest, happiest and most prosperous people of earth and which rejects all policies calculated to imperil the rights or jeopardize the majesty and security of the United States.

Religious Freedom

"The right of every man to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and that none shall make him afraid".

"The right of free speech, free press and peaceable assemblage.

"The right of each citizen to regulate his own personal conduct—chart his own course through life—determine his own habits and to control the affairs of his own household, free from all restraints, save that in the exercise of these natural privileges he will not interfere with the rights of others".

"Let us reassert the truth of the doctrine that:

"Sovereignty of States

"If these people are to remain free, local self-government and the sovereignty of the states must be preserved.

"The federal power should be brought within the limits, not only of the letter, but also within the spirit of the Constitution.

"The march of centralization must be arrested.

"Government by boards and bureaucracies must cease".

"Let us demand:

"The honest administration of government.

"The swift and sure punishment of all public plunderers, bribe-mongers and other malefactors.

"The equalization of the burden of taxation.

"The repeal of all laws creating special privileges.

"The dismissal of an army of spies, snappers, sneaks and informers.

"The liberation of honest business from oppressive interference by governmental agents.

"The prosecution and punishment of those who, by trusts, combinations and restraints of trade make war on

"On the contrary, this government

was established to protect life, liberty and property", he said. Every citizen has the right, if able, to accumulate a fortune, and whether his fortune be great or small, to have for himself and to get equal protection of the law. The only qualifications are that he shall have acquired his wealth by honest and legal means, and that he shall not employ his wealth for oppressive or destructive purposes.

Denounces Monopolies

"That is to say, the high seas of commerce should be kept open for every vessel, big or small, but this necessarily implies that the great vessel shall not resort to piratical methods for the destruction of its lesser competitor. When such practices are adopted it is the right and duty of the government to interfere, because its interference is a protection to all property which is honestly administered.

"But while property has the right to claim the fullest protection of government, it has no right to control the government, nor to demand special advantages and peculiar privileges. This government was established for men and not for dollars".

Reed's speech may be divided into two sections. First, the principles for which Democrats should stand—their platform—and, second, a scorching attack upon the Harding-Coolidge administrations.

Under the caption "Republican Corruption" Reed said:

"On the 4th day of March, 1921, Warren G. Harding was inaugurated President of the United States.

"On that day corrupt and sinister financial conspiracies to all intents and purposes took possession of the government, and have ever since exercised a dominant control.

"That conspiracy placed Fall in charge of the Department of the interior. The President signed an illegal order turning the oil lands over to the tender mercies of Albert B. Fall. He (Fall) accepted its bribes, did its bidding and corruptly transferred to it the vast oil reserves of the republic.

Deceived High Officials

"The scaly hands of the conspirators reached into the Navy Department and corrupted or deceived certain of its high officers.

"The first act of Coolidge was to approve the policies of the Harding administration.

"A senatorial investigation exposed the infamous oil transactions. In its efforts to ascertain the fact and bring the criminals to book the Senate Committee received no assistance from the Coolidge administration.

"Harding appointed, and Coolidge continued at the head of the Department of Justice Harry M. Daugherty—as vile an insect as ever crawled across the page of time.

"He consorted with criminals and took as his bedfellow a grafted and bribe-taker, who afterwards sundered. As Attorney General Daugherty paralyzed the Department of Justice so that its arm was not stretched forth to apprehend Fall and his fellow conspirators. Indeed, the secret code of the government was used by a White House employee to keep the malefactors advised.

"Whilst the Senate Committee under these adverse conditions was laboring to expose the oil land frauds Coolidge never lifted a hand. He remained as mum and inactive as a Boston oyster stranded on the beach in the month of August.

"The indignant demand of the Senate that the President should compel the resignation of Daugherty and Denby was contemptuously rejected by the President. He publicly stood in their defense and majestically asserted he would not permit his presidential prerogative to be impaired by a presumptuous Senate.

Daugherty Resigned

"In the face of overwhelming evidence Daugherty was retained until the blaze of public indignation grew so hot that Coolidge was obliged to back away from the fire. He then demanded Daugherty's resignation upon an insufficient and immaterial ground, and certified to the integrity of the arch villain Daugherty.

"All this occurred when every informed man knew of the gross frauds perpetrated upon the Government—frauds which have since been judicially declared by the Supreme Court of the United States".

Under the caption, "Mellon and Money", Reed said:

"Harding appointed, and Coolidge to this day retains Andrew W. Mellon as Secretary of the Treasury.

"When Mellon was appointed, the great financial interests no longer exercised a mere influence—they moved in and took possession of the fiscal operations of the government.

"Mellon's appointment was made in the teeth of section 243 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which has been a part of the substantive law of this country for 138 years.

"That statute expressly declares:

"No person appointed to the office of Secretary of the Treasury shall directly or indirectly be concerned or

interested in carrying on the business of trade or commerce—or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public securities of any state, or of the United States".

group, had acquired \$13,000,000,000 of European securities bearing high rates of interest, and in order to make the payment of the interest and principal of these obligations more certain and expeditious, the Morgan interests "boldly demanded the cancellation of the debts due the government".

The statue has been adhered to by former presidents.

"Grant desired to appoint Alexander T. Stewart, a great merchant.

His attention was called to this statute. He was forced to acknowledge its authority. Not so with Harding. Not so with Coolidge.

"When Mellon was a director in

sixty-eight great corporations, trusts

and combinations engaged in every

activity, from the control of aluminum to the manufacture of whisky,

his banks and trust companies were

handling public securities by the millions.

His appointment was clearly ille-

gal. From the hour he took office to

this blessed day Mellon has manipu-

lated or attempted to manipulate ev-

ery power of the government in the

interest of his financial confederates.

"He declared the revenues of the

government were so low that a bon-

us could not be paid to the soldiers.

He compelled Harding to retreat his

campaign promise to the soldiers that

a bonus would be promptly paid.

"Immediately thereafter, he advo-

cated a reduction of \$90,000,000 per

year on the surplus profits of the

millionaire class. He preferred to

serve his wealthy associates, even

though to do so the soldiers who had

fought for their country must be de-

nied the pittance they sorely needed.

"It has been charged (and never

denied, to my knowledge) that had

Mellon's recommendation been accept-

ed by Congress, it would have brought

a reduction of \$90,000,000 per annum

upon the income of Mellon and his

companies.

Would Help Rich Only

"Under Mellon's scheme there was

to be no substantial reduction on tax-

es on moderate incomes. The plan

was twice defeated by a coalition of

Democrats and insurgent Republicans

in the Senate, but it was persisted in

until Mellon substantially had his

way.

"In all this Mellon had the backing

of the administration and the stand-

pat element of the Republican party".

Reed bitterly assailed the foreign

debt settlements, taking them up in

their order. He said the great finan-

cial interests, notably the Morgan

**Seed Wheat**

Recleaned, Ready for Drill
in even weight two and one-half
bushel bags.

Price On Application

Same wheat treated for prevention
of smut

Price On Application
f. o. b. Sikeston

Scott County Milling Co.

obligation to deliver to us bonds bearing the same rate of interest which the government must pay to American citizens who hold its Liberty bonds.

England refused to settle at that figure, and the administration recommended and insisted upon the cancellation of a part of the interest then due, and upon granting an extension of sixty-six years for final payment and the reduction of interest to 3 per

(Continued on next to last page)

**E
astest
and Finest
of<br**

**THE VICTORY OVER
OUR FRIENDLIEST FOE**

By Hallie Carey

First Quarter

Sikeston kicked off to the Blue Jays, they returned the ball 10 yds. Charleston hit the line three times for a gain of 3 yds, they punted to the Bulldogs who returned the ball five yards. On the first play Sikeston was offside. Swain then made 5 yds. thru the line he tried again for no gain. Reed kicked far into Charleston's territory, and after three attempts with no gain Charleston kicked back losing ground on the return punt. Baker was called back and made 10 yds around end. On the next play he repeats, making about 9 yds. gain. On the next play Sikeston was offside. Reed made 5 yds. on two plays, Baker was called back for a pass, but it was grounded. Sikeston fumbled and the Blue Jays recovered Brown took the ball and made 13 yds. Love then made about 12 yds., the Blue Jays made 5 through the line, an attempted pass was grounded. On the next play Love makes 9 yds. Charleston was penalized for offside. On two attempts they made 3 yards. On the next play Wallace of Sikeston kicked up a fumble, but was called back and the ball given to Charleston. Charleston then attempted a place kick, but it was no good and Sikeston got the ball on the 20-yd. line. Baker made 6 yds., on two plays, and Reed punted. Charleston tried the line twice for 2 yds. and an attempted pass was grounded and they punted. Marshall made 3 yds. Reed made 3 yds., Swain added a couple and Charleston was penalized 5 yds. Marshall added 6 yds. and Charleston was penalized again on the next play 5 yds. Reed made 4 yds. and Baker's pass was no good, as the quarter ended. Sikeston 0, Charleston 0.

Second Quarter

Baker passed again to Swain for 12 yds. Baker lost a yard and Swain made no gain. Swain lost 4 yds. and Sikeston punted. Charleston was held for only 1 yd. on three plays and Charleston punted and Couey returned about 30 yds. down the side line, but he stepped out of bounds and he got only 15 yds. out of the run. Swain lost 3 yds. and Bakers pass was no good. Sikeston was penalized 5 yds., and Baker made up 5 yds. on the next play.

Sikeston kicked and Charleston returned 5 yds. and on three attempts Charleston lost 7 yds., they kicked. Baker passed to Swain for 7 yds. Baker made 14 yds., Couey made 2 yds., no gain on the next play and on the next play Baker went* around end for 12 yds. and a touchdown and Reed made the extra point.

Sikeston 7, Charleston 0.

Sikeston kicked to Charleston and Charleston fumbled and the Bulldogs recovered. Baker made 2 yds., Marshall made 2 yds. and Couey made about 3 yds., Reed got a little gain and Swain added 8 yds., Reed added 1 more and on the next play Swain passed to Couey for 12 yds. and he stepped over for the second touchdown. Reed failed to make the extra point.

Score Sikeston 13, Charleston 0.

The Blue Jays kicked off to Sikeston, Couey returned 20 yds., Marshall made 3 yds., Reed added one and Swain added one and Reed punted. Charleston had the ball and the half ended.

Third Quarter

At the half Lancaster replaced Higgins at Guard. Charleston kicked to the Bulldogs and Reed returned about 4 yds., Marshall made 4 yds., Swain es and Sikeston was penalized 5 yds. made 2 and Reed made 4 more. Couey caught a pass for 5 yds., Mar-

1

It's Here, Men! — The Year's Greatest Neckband Shirt Sale



\$1.95



Three for \$5.75

Hundreds of New Patterns**\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 Qualities****All Sizes 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ Sleeves 33 to 35 inches**

THE BUCKNER RAGSDALE CO.

Swain made 8 yds., he added 1 more Couey made 2 more. Reed punted and Charleston fumbled and Sikeston recovered. Swain made 2 yds., Reed added 2 more and Baker, went about 15 yds., for the third touchdown, Reed kicked goal.

Sikeston kicked again to Charleston. Charleston returning about 5 yds. Love made 10 yds. Then made 3 yds. on the next two plays. They punted. Reed made 2 yds. and on the extra point. Score—Sikeston 27, Charleston 0.

Crain replaced Couey at quarter and Aufdenburg went in for Charleston.

Fourth Quarter

Sikeston kicked and on three plays they only made one yd., Charleston kicked. Crane returned 7 yds. Sikeston made 5 yds., he added 2 more. Swain made 3 yds., he added 1 more, again Swain made 4 yds. and made 2 and on the next play they punted. Reed intercepted a pass and it was Sikes-ton's ball. Baker made about 32 yds., Reed added 4 more and on the next play they fumbled. Charleston recovered and kicked out of bounds. Baker tried for no gain and Sikeston was penalized 5 yds. for offside. A pass was good for 5 yds., and another was no good. Sikeston kicked. A pass was good for 5 yds., two more incomplete passes and Charleston was penalized. Charleston kicked. Marshall returned 5 yds. Two incomplete passes. Sikeston was awarded the extra point, when Charleston was offside. Score—Charleston 0, Sikeston 13.

Sikeston kicked off and the game ended with Charleston passing.

The line-up for Sikeston was: Wallace and Baker, ends; Robinson and Miller, tackles; Sutton and Higgins, guards; McDonald, center; Reed

shall made 2 yds. The ball being deep in Charleston's territory they didn't punt and it was Charleston's ball on failure to make yardage. On three plays they made 3 yds. and on a bad pass from center, the Charleston back was downed in his tracks when he attempted to kick, on their own 5-yd. line. Sikeston was penalized but Marshall made it up and on two plays. Reed went over for the fourth touchdown. He made the extra point. Score—Sikeston 27, Charleston 0.

Crain replaced Couey at quarter and Aufdenburg went in for Charleston.

NOTES BY THE EDITOR

Two medium drunk Charleston men not boys—was fairly offensive to some of the Sikeston fair ones by their familiarity. A wet elm club should be applied to such vermin on such an occasion.

It was noticed that all the girls strung out down the wire while the men lined up 20 feet to the rear. On looking at the sky-line, so to speak, the reason was in evidence—a hand some showing of silk hose. Simon Loebe looked after the Charleston side of the field.

On the side line one girl approached another. They touched foreheads, then noses, then out shot a tongue with a wad of chewing gum on it, which was transferred to the mouth of the other girl without a bit of lost motion. Some marveled at the sight, others gagged.

OTHER GAMES

Dexter, October 15.—Jackson High

and Marshall, halfbacks; Swain, fullback; Couey, quarterback.

Sikeston on line plunges carried the ball 55 times for a total of 220 yds., or an average of 4 yards.

Charleston on line plunges handled the ball 32 times for a total of 72 yds. or average of 2.3 yds.

Sikeston completed 10-17 passes for 12 yds. Charleston completed 2-10 passes for 15 yds.

Sikeston total yardage, 347 yds., Charleston, 87 yds.

school footballers playing here Friday, defeated the Dexter High School day afternoon. The first score came 12-7, in a hard tussle. The game was an aerial contest, each team passing most of the time. About two-thirds of Jackson's plays were passes, a large number of which were completed for gains. Dexter scored its only

Charleston on line plunges handled the ball 32 times for a total of 72 yds. or average of 2.3 yds.

Sikeston completed 10-17 passes for 12 yds. Charleston completed 2-10 passes for 15 yds.

Sikeston total yardage, 347 yds., Charleston, 87 yds.

Jackson scored both touchdowns in the first quarter, once when Brown picked up a Dexter fumble and ran 10 yards for a touchdown. The other when Jackson blocked a kick and fell on the ball back of the goal line.

Morley, October 15.—Morley High School defeated Diehlstadt High on the latter's gridiron Friday afternoon, 25 to 0. Touchdowns were made in the first, second and fourth quarters, two being added in the last period.

The principal feature of the game was the 75-yard run for a touchdown by Columbus Miller, who took the ball on a fumble. Columbus is a brother of John Miller, former Will Mayfield gridster who is playing with Murray, Kentucky, Teachers this year. A third Miller boy, Charles, is captain of the Morley team.

Puxico, October 15.—The strong Illino High School football team defeated the Puxico team here Friday afternoon, 51 to 0. The visitors used a varied attack, ranging from line backs to forward passes, to pile up a big score.

The Illino team went to Bloomfield from here to play that team today.

Sale of neck band shirts at \$1.95

Manhattan, Emory, Ide and other good makes. See our window. Values to \$4.50.—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

CARUTHERSVILLE BEATS SIKESTON 5-4 SUNDAY

Caruthersville, October 16.—Caruthersville defeated Sikeston, winners of the Southeast Missouri League championship this afternoon, 5 to 4, in 10 innings, at Fair Park, in a game in which fielding and mental errors played a big part.

Sikeston scored first in the third, when Poiler, pitcher, playing right field, misjudged a long fly which went for a double. Caruthersville scored four in the fourth inning on four hits and an error.

Lefty Fuhr, with a Caruthersville man on second and third, let Hassler get to first while he was holding his easy tap to the pitcher's box, four runs scoring before he settled down. Sikeston tied the score in the eighth on two hits and a stolen base.

The game was decided in the last of the tenth when Wid Matthews, former Athletic star, scored on Caldwell's hit through the infield.

Patterson started for Caruthersville, but in the eighth with the score tied, gave way to Dunnegan, who finished the game.

Lefty Fuhr, of the Nashville Southern League Club, pitched the entire game for Sikeston, allowing nine hits and getting seven strike-outs.

This is the first of a three-game series, the next game being played at Sikeston Sunday.

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| R | H | E | |
| Sikeston | 4 | 9 | 2 |
| Caruthersville | 5 | 9 | 3 |

Fuhr and Thomas; Patterson, Dunnegan and Minnitree.

SHOWER GIVEN FOR MRS.
STURGENBERGER, FRIDAY

On Friday evening, fourteen ladies of the Catholic church surprised Mrs. P. Sturgenberger with a handkerchief shower at their home on North New Madrid street. Mr. and Mrs. Sturgenberger left Sunday morning for Flora, Ill., where Mr. Sturgenberger has been transferred from the International Shoe Factory at Sikeston.

Mr. Sturgenberger was maintenance engineer at the shoe factory and the position he takes at Flora is the same with an increase in salary.

The Sturgenbergers have made many friends during their stay of three years in Sikeston, who regret to lose them as they were especially active in church work.

The force at the shoe factory presented Mr. Sturgenberger with a charger for his radio battery, which was highly appreciated.

Mrs. T. C. McClure left to visit with friends in Kansas City.

Manhattan, Emory and Ide neckband shirt sale all at one price, \$1.95. Values to \$4.50.—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Don't forget the chicken dinner and supper served by the Catholic ladies, Wednesday, October 19, at the White-Dorror Building on Center Street.

A card from Mrs. T. A. Slack states that Bus is getting along fine from the operation for appendicitis, that he has no fever and is eating a little. All friends and acquaintances will be glad to hear this good news. If he continues to improve it is likely he will be able to come home the first of the coming week.

Miss Evelyn Sutton has opened an office in the Chamber of Commerce room as public stenographer and will be glad to assist those in need of her services. She is an experienced and accurate stenographer and is filling a long felt want in Sikeston as it has been some time since a public stenographer was to be had. She will probably secure a license as a notary public at a later date.

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT FOR THE NEW CHEVROLET

You can buy one right now and get the benefit of its use during the ideal Fall weather. Don't "WAIT" indefinitely when you can buy the finest little car the world offers. Don't deprive yourself of the pleasures of motoring during the fall season. No matter what you are waiting for, you'll find no snappier models or a better price than in the IMPROVED CHEVROLET.

White-Dorror
Building

SUPERIOR CHEVROLET COMPANY

Sikeston
Missouri

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

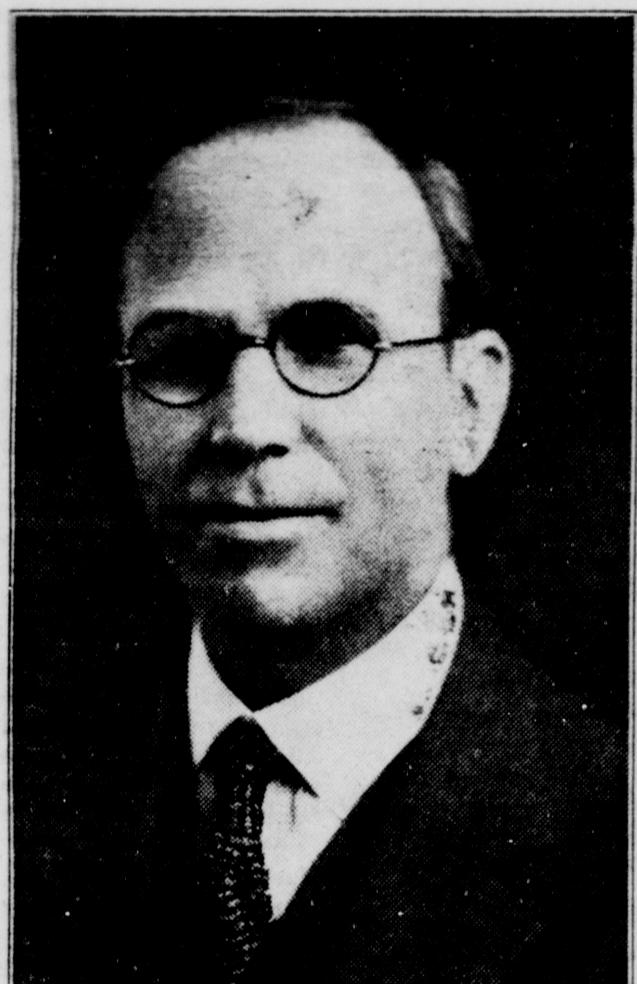
ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
AT SIKESTON, MISSOURIEntered at the Postoffice at Sikeston,
Scott County, Missouri, as second-class
mail matter, according to act of
Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements \$10.00
Probate notices, minimum \$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties \$ 1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States \$ 2.00

The Standard is for Al Smith for President on the Democratic ticket in 1928. First, because we think he can win. Second, because he will advocate measures that will give relief where relief is needed. Third, because he will use the same tactics with the Congress and Senate that he has used in New York State. That is: Invite the leaders of all political parties to conference and lay out a program as Americans and not as partisans, that will benefit all the people of the land. The House and Senate in New York are Republican, but the Al Smith program has always gone through because it was for State-wide benefit instead of a local benefit. Study Al Smith and his life and you will say, he is a wonderful man. His heart beats for poor folks for he is one of them.

The Canoy School will give a box supper and Hallowe'en program the evening of October 27 at 7:00 o'clock to which all are invited. There will be a moving picture show, fish pond, special music, witches, goblins, black cats. "Fanette", the wonderful fortune teller will be there. Bring a box. A cake will be given to the most popular young lady.

Sikeston has a dog mathematian. He puts down three and carries one. A big handsome collie was hit by a car cutting off his right foot. He is able to be out and mingle with others who have two and four feet.



Rev. C. C. Barnhardt, new pastor M. E. Church

The Standard would like to state in cold type his opinion on the sheriff race in Scott County in 1928 and this means the Republican candidates as well as the Democratic candidates. We are opposed to any man for a law enforcement office who has been a law breaker himself. A man with whom a record of a bootlegger, crap shooter, or other gambling for money, is absolutely unfit for the office of sheriff or constable. If the Democrats nominate a man who has a record of this sort, we shall vote for and work for the Republican if he has a clean record of clean living. We have had enough crap shooters and their kind in office.

It is sad news to many to hear that Hon. Washburn will not be a candidate for re-election in 1928. Instead of being a wind-jammer, he expects to try to be a lobbyist, we are told. He thinks he is making such a success in locating the West Route that he proposes to try his talents on the dog at Jefferson City.

Quite a few of the business men of Sikeston believe the time is ripe to put the city on a commission form and hire a business manager to look after the interests. As it now is, the mayor and councilmen have their own affairs to look after and the business of the city is neglected. Under the commission form the business manager would have the supervision over all street and alley work, the policing of the city, the health and sanitary problems. In fact, would be held responsible for all business transactions pertaining to the running of the city, the same as the manager of a big department store. Give this subject a little thought and see what you think about it.

We have an idea that the bridge playing folks in all cities and towns give very little thought to prayer meeting or church work of any sort. If all the bridge players of Sikeston had attended any of our prayer meetings the past week as they did the bridge games, the pastors of the churches would have fainted. And again, we are told some of our bridge playing sisters raise Old Ned with their poker playing husbands. Queer world.

Dock Hocks, tonsorial artist, blacksmith and erstwhile dentist, pulled a tooth for Slim Flinders this morning. After it was over and the excitement had died down, Slim declared after all it was not much worse than getting a shave.—Commercial Appeal.

Violation of the game law prohibiting the taking of wild turkey except during the month of December is made the subject of special instructions being mailed game wardens by Keith McCance, Game and Fish Commissioner. Pre-season hunting of turkey in violation of law is being reported and it means the extermination of this bird in Missouri unless it is stopped. Deputies are being told to give immediate and careful attention to the districts in which there are any wild turkeys and to appeal to the best citizens in their various communities to assist in bringing to trial those who kill turkey between now and December 1.

Don't forget the chicken dinner and Wednesday, October 19, at the White-Dorror Building on Center Street.

Attention Men—Don't miss our \$1.5 Shirt Sale. Values to \$4.50 sizes 14 to 17.—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek and Miss Mei Ling Soong are to be married. It looks as if the war in China will never end.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

We trust it will not interfere with the success of our new Ambassador to Mexico that his name in the language of that country is manana.—New York Times.

Defeated by the Northerners, Chiang Kai-shek has resigned from the Southern Army. In the Coolidge phrase, he does not choose to keep on running.—San Diego Union.

The United States, Great Britain and Japan might get together and hire a professional navy to work for all of them.—Indianapolis News.

Within two years all British infantry regiments will have resumed the famous red tunic. Looks as though peace is here to stay.—Border Cities Star.

Gene Tunney reposed on the canvas for fourteen seconds, but surely a man is entitled to a little rest while earning a million dollars!—Border Cities Star.

There are people who believe that Florida will go Republican in the next Presidential election. Well, ice-fields have just been found in Africa. American Lumberman.

Beauty surgeons say the matter of lifting a face is comparatively simple. Probably the hardest part is keeping the face lifted when the bill comes in.—Arkansas Gazette.

Too many women expect their husbands to bring home the bacon and then fry it.—Toledo Blade.

Tunney got a million and Lindbergh got \$25,000. Make your own comment.—Marshall County Banner.

Physicians say insane are happier than the sane. Don't have to worry over doctor bills.—Dallas News.

Come and do me!

That is the cry of any one of uncounted myriads of things.

These things are all some of the world's tasks or of Heaven's dreams.

They are things waiting to come into our lives, waiting to be treated by love and labor. Like unborn children they reach out appealing hands to the people of earth.

There are tales that yearn to be told, tales that should be fascinating as fairy stories and clear as the narratives of the Scriptures, stories to make good, glad living.

There are pictures and statues waiting for the artist to see them.

There is music, a child of the skies, yearning for earth parents to give it a home, throbbing in hearts that must hear it cry.

There is social justice, justice to children who toil, to men and women living drab lives in tenements and factories.

There is the friend to be made, the tired mother to be helped, the lonely, homesick woman in the next block, the young girl in the boarding house, fighting alone an all but losing fight in the wilderness of a strange city.

There is the stranger in the pew, the letter to be written, the kindly glance for which some neighbor looks, the gentle thought, unspoken but felt.

Great or tiny, the crowding yearnings of the race, of its dumb friends,

of its more than human guardians who inspire to acts of love—all wait the birth of the compassion of men and women. Everywhere each of the myriads implore: Come and do me!

(© by the Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

MISSOURI INDUSTRIAL REVIEW NEWS

Hale—Bank of Hale and State Bank consolidate.

Holland—New bank recently organized here to be known as Holland Exchange Bank.

Carrollton—Kansas City Power & Light Co. voluntarily makes reduction in power and light rates.

Bosworth—Steel work on Grand River bridge east of here completed.

Union—Concreting on Route No. 50 from bridge southeast of town to junction with Route 66 nears completion.

Union—Franklin County Highway Commission holds first open meeting here recently.

Greenville—State Highway 67 in this county opens to traffic.

Greentop—E. Holland recently shipped load of cattle and double-deck car of hogs and sheep from this place.

Cassville—Concrete work on Golden Ferry bridge completed.

Wheaton—Four miles of Highway 14 from Wheaton southeast toward Ridgeley graveled.

Chillicothe—Two signs erected one at north city limits on Federal Highway 65 and other at Curry Lane on Highways 65 and 36.

Farmington—Pouring concrete on U. S. Highway 61 between Farmington and Esther under way.

Poplar Bluff—Highway 67 between his place and north end of Wayne County will be completed by October 15.

Monett—North and south paved treets being resurfaced with tarvia and gravel.

Union—New highway department office building to go up on site adjoining State Capitol grounds.

Work being rushed to completion on roads all over state.

Doniphan—Current River bridge at this place on highways 42 and 21 will be completed in December.

Pierce City—Pierce City Live Stock Shipping Association recently shipped two carloads stock.

Barnett—Rock Island bridge and building crew doing culvert work on railroad near here.

South St. Louis—Paving of Dover Street, Compton and Leona Avenues considered.

Kingston—Road in Kingston cemetery being graveled.

Novelty—New school building here apidly nearing completion.

Harrisonville—Gray Oil Company to locate soon in new filling station under construction on North Independence Street.

Harrisonville—Contract let for curbing and guttering West Wall St.

Ferguson—Local postoffice moves to new home in Spot Building.

Cape Girardeau—Cape Girardeau Bell Telephone Co. purchases stock of Ideal Telephone Co. of Illino.

Monett—Bridge north of here on Pierce City road repaired and opened to traffic.

Elvins—Elvins Baptist Church plans enlargement of building.

Carthage—First semi-annual general inspection for fire hazards in homes throughout city began October 1.

Bowling Green—Bowling Green Jeffersonian sold to J. H. Brewer of Manhattan, Kan.

Through a Woman's Eyes

By JEAN NEWTON

Come and Do Me

Come and do me!

That is the cry of any one of uncounted myriads of things.

These things are all some of the world's tasks or of Heaven's dreams.

They are things waiting to come into our lives, waiting to be treated by love and labor. Like unborn children they reach out appealing hands to the people of earth.

There are tales that yearn to be told, tales that should be fascinating as fairy stories and clear as the narratives of the Scriptures, stories to make good, glad living.

There are pictures and statues waiting for the artist to see them.

There is music, a child of the skies,

yearning for earth parents to give it a home, throbbing in hearts that must hear it cry.

There is social justice, justice to children who toil, to men and women living drab lives in tenements and factories.

There is the friend to be made, the tired mother to be helped, the lonely,

homesick woman in the next block,

the young girl in the boarding house, fighting alone an all but losing fight in the wilderness of a strange city.

There is the stranger in the pew, the letter to be written, the kindly glance for which some neighbor looks,

the gentle thought, unspoken but felt.

Great or tiny, the crowding yearnings of the race, of its dumb friends,

of its more than human guardians who inspire to acts of love—all wait the birth of the compassion of men and women. Everywhere each of the myriads implore: Come and do me!

(© by the Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

PUBLIC SALE!

Pure Bred Poland China Hogs
Saturday, November 5th

Pine Lawn Farm, Hunter, Mo.

15 Fall Boars
13 Bred Sows

For the first time in its history Carter County will have a sale of Pure Bred Poland China Hogs.

This offering represents the best blood in Poland China circles, and the individuals to be offered are just as good as they are well bred.

This is the one opportunity offered farmers in this section of Missouri to get good hogs and not be compelled to pay out a lot of express charges to get them.

BE SURE TO COME TO HUNTER SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5

Pine Lawn Farm is
1-4 mile from Hunter
on Highway 21. All
good sound road.

Pine Lawn Farm

HUNTER, MO.
Dr. A. B. Wilburn, Owner

A TONIC
GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. 60c.
Liver Pills
A package of Grove's Liver Pills is enclosed with every bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for those who wish to take a laxative in connection with the Tonic.

THE PHOTOGRAPH LIVES FOREVER
PHONE 173 FOR AN APPOINTMENT
VAN DYKE STUDIO, SIKESTON, MO.

FADA
RADIO

A \$12 seat on the side lines—
right in the old arm chair

The All-American fullback of '09 had been something of a cheerful skeptic about radio. And then a Fada dealer let him try out a Fada receiver with a Fada speaker the afternoon his old college played its favorite enemy. Until he heard the Fada, the skeptic did not realize how much the exclusive Fada principle of Harmonized Reception means to radio.

He was transported to the old 55-yard line. He heard the roar of the stands, the blare of the bands, the referee's shrill whistle! And now you couldn't get his Fada away from him for love nor money. You, too, can make the test at our showroom or in your own home.

PHONE 614
Boyer Auto Service
DAY AND NIGHT

Announcement

We have been appointed the Exide Service Station for this locality.

In addition to selling

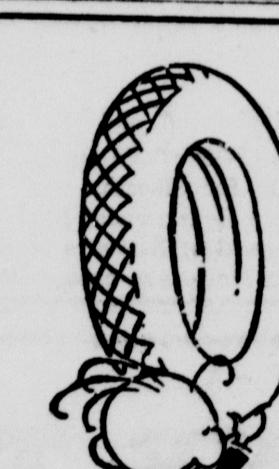
Exide
BATTERIES

The right battery for your car, our Service includes skilful repair work on every make of battery. You can rely on responsible advice and reasonable prices here.

We look forward to a call from you.

SENSENBAUGH'S SUPER SERVICE STATION

EXIDE
BATTERIES
SERVICE STATION



Examination

Free

It won't cost you a cent to find out about that injured tire of yours. We'll look it over in a jiffy, and if an inexpensive repair will add several thousand more miles of service to it we'll do the job—and do it right.

Our prices are low. We guarantee our work.

Phone 667

SENSENBAUGH'S SUPER SERVICE STATION
And Goodyear tubes, of course

WASHABLE MATERIALS STYLED WITH FLATTERING NICETY



Just now much interest is attached to the lovely new rayon checks and solid-color weaves. Silklike to the touch are they, also silklike in appearance, and it seems as if every time they are laundered they look prettier than before.

Absolutely the prospect for smartly styled washable fabrics is most promising. If the frock in the picture may be accepted as a criterion, and it most assuredly may. This attractive dress is made of one of the new rayon weaves. The jabotlike revers and the contrasting banding on skirt and sleeves are of sheerest white cotton voile so delicate in its texture one could almost take it to be a very fine georgette. The tiered skirt and the soft "drapy" trimming on the waist smartly carry out the much desired feminine styling.

A very popular material at this moment is fine voile showing black florals on a white background. The flair for this pretty sheer flower-printed fabric is, no doubt, due to the prevailing fashion for black and white.

So exquisite are these new black-and-white voiles, they have every appearance of handsome chiffon. The wearing of a broad black velvet ribbon girdle and bow adds to the effectiveness of the ensemble.

JULIA BOTOMLEY.
(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

COTTON materials and washable fabrics are "showing off" this season. What's more, in their movement to "enter society" they are being sponsored by no less a personage than Dame Fashion herself. So from now on we may expect to witness cotton weaves of every sort present at country club affairs, afternoon functions and other events of the elite.

It is a fact, cotton weaves are gaining in style prestige with every tick of the clock. The fashionable wardrobe is now expected to number among its choicest belongings, frocks of gingham, of rayon, organdie and voile. Furthermore, these washable fabrics are expected to be made up with all the flattering niceties accorded the more formal materials.

One shows knowledge of fashion's trend by attending the summer-day informal bridge party clad in a gingham styled to perfection. Of course one's dressmaker must be taken into confidence and urged to play her imagination up to the limit when it comes to designing frocks of washable materials, which are to compete side-by-side with pretentious silks.

JULIA BOTOMLEY.
(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

a real
5 Cent
cigar
is back
in
town



Peter Hauptmann Tobacco Co.
St. Louis, Mo.

ROCKY FORD

RADIO

Overhaul Set for Summer-Time Duty

Outfit Must Be Gone Over and Put in Order for Best Reception.

Just as the family car must be prepared for the winter driving season by undergoing a thorough overhauling, so must the family radio set be groomed for summer-time use. In either event the preparations are simple enough, and should not stand in the way of enjoying to the utmost both these one-time hobbies which have now become such every-day necessities in American family life.

It is useless to claim that summer time is as favorable to radio reception as the cool and cold weather of late fall, winter, and early spring. It is not—and we all know it. Yet the situation is no different from that of the automobile: winter time is not as conducive to motoring comfort as the three other seasons, yet most car owners today drive all year round. So in radio, many things have been done during the past few summers to ameliorate unfavorable conditions in warm weather radio reception. Transmitting power has been enormously increased. Net-work station operation has placed the best programs in most parts of the country with the loud speaker volume of local stations. Receiving equipment has been developed with an eye—or shall we say an ear?—to lessening the static effect while increasing the apparent signal strength. In all, remarkable advances have been scored against summer-time obstacles. A large field for improvement still lies in the homes of the set owner. With this in mind, a few suggestions are offered in the hope that they will be helpful to the radio enthusiast in getting the maximum enjoyment from his receiving set during the summer months.

Powerful Signals—A Prerequisite.
Satisfactory radio reception depends primarily upon what radio engineers call the signal-static ratio. In other words, static is present in varying degree to the signal strength from the broadcasting station. With warm weather, particularly in humid, uncomfortable weather that presages the thunderstorm, the static level rises and becomes evident as a raspy background to broadcast music or speech. Fortunately, however, it is very rare that the static is sufficiently powerful to interfere with the signals of present-day broadcasting stations within their service range.

It is obvious, then, that the signal strength must be of sufficient strength to override static interference by a fair margin. Broadcasters have long recognized this fact. Transmitting power has been steadily increased from the early days, when a 500-watt rating was considered ample for broadcasting over a wide area. Today, the 500-watt rating is recognized only for purely local service, with a limited service range throughout the year. Many times that power must and is being employed in summer time for a service range of about 100 miles and over, reaching out into the rural districts. What is more, the rapid development of network broadcasting, making the best programs available in many parts of the country through local broadcasting stations, has had the greatest influence on popularizing summertime radio not only by providing sufficiently powerful signals, but also in maintaining the highest quality of entertainment.

The first essential in summer time radio, then, is to tune in the most powerful signals available when conditions are least favorable.

Changing the Antenna.

Given a sufficient ratio between signal and static levels, the radio listener can reduce the undesirable background by being satisfied with smaller volume from his loud speaker.

Another effective method is to employ a smaller antenna. The antenna, normally 60 to 100 feet in length, may be cut down to 30 or 40 feet with sufficient pickup to intercept powerful local signals during the summer months. Or an outdoor antenna may be substituted, consisting of 20 or 30 feet of wire stretched about the room behind the picture molding, or otherwise placed about the house. A small fixed condenser of .0005 mfd. capacity, should be placed between the antenna and the ground binding posts of the receiver, to compensate for the reduced wavelength of the antenna, without material change in the dial settings of the receiver.

Interesting experiments may be performed with underground antennas, which are less subject to static pickup. Ordinary No. 14 rubber-covered wire, such as is used for exposed wiring, may be buried several feet deep in a straight trench, and then covered over, with the end brought to the antenna binding post. Sometimes the ordinary gas pipe of the home will serve as a satisfactory summer time antenna. In the early days of radio communication, two ground connections made at different depths underground so as to tap two different strata, were employed with fair results. The loop-operated receiver provides an ideal means of favoring signal as against static interference, be-

cause of its sensitive directional pickup, enabling the operator to swing away from undesirable noises.

Advantage of Less Volume.
Aside from altering the receiving conditions, the volume of the loudspeaker rendition may be lowered so as to make the static background less conspicuous. In fact, most listeners do employ too much volume, and this is especially true in summer-time reception. The average radio receiver has a satisfactory volume control that may be employed in reducing the loudspeaker volume to the desired degree, to drop out the static background. If the receiver is not provided with a volume control, then a variable high resistance of at least 0 to 250,000 ohm range may be connected across the secondary of the first audio transformer as an effective and nondistorting volume control. Turning the filaments of the receiver up or down does not constitute an efficient volume control. It should be noted that filaments must be operated at the proper voltage at all times, irrespective of the volume desired. Dimmed filaments may result in severe distortion, while excessively lighted filaments lead to greatly shortened life of tubes.

Loud Speaker Amid New Scenery.
Distance never fails to add realism and maximum enchantment. If we may take this hint with our summertime radio, do not fail to experiment in loud speaker placement. The loud speaker should be tried out in different rooms, with the listeners sitting at various distances. A marked improvement will be noted when the distance between loud speaker and listeners is increased. Or, if weather permits, the loud speaker may be brought outdoors, on the porch or even placed on the lawn of the country home. There is a positive thrill of freshness which never fails to arouse even the most blasé radio listener when the radio is brought outdoors for the first time.

Among the radio listener's summer-time equipment, then, should be an extension cord or at least some wire whereby the loud speaker may be moved about the home and brought outdoors if possible. Of course, the purpose of the outdoor rendition is for the enjoyment of the immediate family and guests. The volume should be just sufficient for proper enjoyment, and at no time should it be so loud as to disturb the entire neighborhood, for that is not the purpose of radio entertainment.

Should "Hit on All Six."

These suggestions will help greatly, but it is taken for granted that the receiver is in good operating order.

First of all, the batteries, if the receiver operates on this form of power supply, should be checked over. It is well to remember that dry batteries dry out quicker in summer than in winter, and if the batteries have already been in use for many months, the warm weather of summer may soon exhaust them. Start out with a complete set of fresh dry batteries.

In the case of the socket-power receiver, the rectifier tubes should receive attention. In time these rectifier tubes become exhausted, irrespective of type. The best test is to have a fresh rectifier tube on hand. When there is a marked difference in reception between the old and the new tube, then it is time to change rectifier tubes.

The other vacuum tubes of the receiver should also be checked over, again using one or more fresh radiotrons as the basis of comparison. Nothing will improve results quicker than fresh radiotrons in all the sockets. However, it is usually possible to switch the same tubes from the audio-frequency sockets to the radio-frequency sockets for longer life, while placing the fresh radiotrons in the detector and audio-frequency sockets where good tubes are most important. The power tube should also be checked with another power tube of the same type.

Finally, the receiver should be thoroughly cleaned and tightened up. The condenser plates may be dusted carefully with an ordinary pipe-stem cleaner. The other parts should be brushed clean with a soft brush. The binding posts and screw terminals should be tightened. Wire connections should be tested to make sure they really connect.

With our receiver in proper shape and "hitting on all six," with the air lanes paved for the best of programs, and with operating skill in keeping with the conditions of summer time radio, you are now prepared to enjoy what the broadcasters have in store.

High Plate Current Is No Proof of Good Tube

A writer in Radio Broadcast Magazine tells of purchasing a tube in a New York radio store: "This is an exceptionally good tube. It gives nearly twice its rated plate-current reading," was the salesman's advice. To the initiated, the fallacy of this statement is evident.

"An excessively high plate-current reading is as undesirable as a low reading," says the Radio Broadcast article. "A tube should give its rated plate current. An excessively high plate current may indicate an exceedingly active filament, liberating electrons profusely or more likely, it indicates a low plate impedance, which would cause even a most stable radio-frequency amplifier to oscillate; in an audio-frequency amplifier, it may cause exaggerated resonance points in transformers and loud speakers. A tube showing low emission may be improved by the ordinary reactivation process, but nothing can be done to make a tube giving excessive plate current entirely satisfactory."

120,000

PONTIAC SIXES IN NINE MONTHS

~43,000 more than were produced in all of 1926, when this brilliant General Motors product set a world record for a new make of car!

—an amazing record, first because of its sheer magnitude; and second because it has been made during the most competitive year in automotive history!

—proof that the whole world acknowledges the superiorities of Fisher bodies in styling, comfort and construction; proof that the

whole world is learning how Pontiac smoothness, power and silence cannot be duplicated in its price field.

Come in! See today's Pontiac Six! Learn how little it really costs to own a high quality six—the six whose volume supremacy is proved by spectacular popularity.

HALTER'S GARAGE

The New and Finer PONTIAC SIX

New lower prices on all body types
(Effective July 15th)

Coupe - - - \$745
Sport Roadster - - - \$745
Sport Cabriolet - - - \$795



Landau Sedan - - \$845
De Luxe Landau Sedan \$925
The New Oakland All-American Six, \$1045 to \$1265. All prices at factory. Delivered, insurance paid, minimum handling charges. Easy to pay on the General Motors Time Payment Plan.

The center of industry is now in Chicago, says a government report. And that's the first time we ever heard it called an industry.—New York Evening Post.

J. Goldstein
New and Used Furniture
Matthews Bldg. Malone Ave.
SIKESTON, MO.



Red Beard, First Great Pirate

PIRACY is as old as history. The first savage man who hollowed out a log with fire and paddled around in this precarious craft probably fell a victim to the first act of piracy when he met another savage traveling on a log on which he had spent no labor.

From time immemorial the Mediterranean sea was ravaged by pirate fleets which made Asia Minor and the islands near it their headquarters, from which they dashed out for raids on the ships of Rome. There is the story of the pirates who captured the young Julius Caesar and held him for ransom for six weeks, during which time the future consul lived on excellent terms with his captors. He told them that he would one day crucify them all, whereupon they roared with laughter at this ploy. But it was also a matter of record that he kept his word.

Piracy in the Mediterranean continued long after Rome had fallen, and early in the Sixteenth century it gave to history the first outstanding pirate leader, the famous Barbarossa or "Red Beard." Red Beard's real name was Uruc, and he was the son of a Turkish renegade and a Christian mother. He was born on the island of Lesbos in the Aegean sea, a stronghold of the Mediterranean pirates, among whom he rose to accepted leadership.

But feeling the need for a more convenient base from which to conduct his operations, in 1504 Red Beard established his headquarters at Tunis and became the first of the Barbary corsairs whose raids went unchecked until some youthful commanders of the United States navy taught them proper respect for the freedom of the seas.

Red Beard had a convenient arrangement with the sultan of Tunis whereby that eminent ruler was to be given one-fifth of all the booty he took in return for royal approval and protection when it was needed. One of his first exploits was the capture of two galleys belonging to Pope Julius II, which had sailed from Genoa, and the richness of the loot from this expedition showed the sultan that he had made no mistake in agreeing to the partnership.

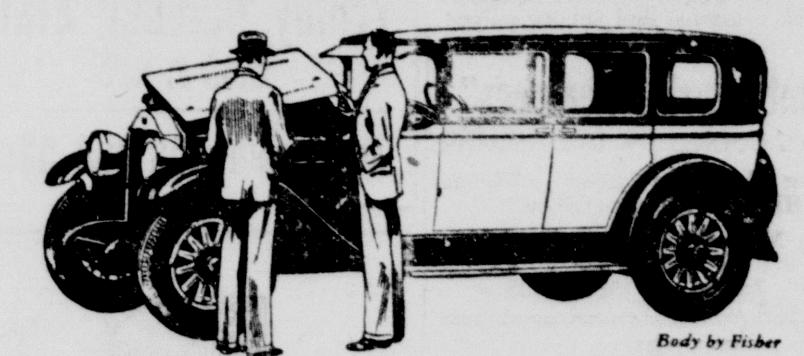
The next year the pirate chieftain showed his daring by capturing a Spanish ship with 500 soldiers on board, and in 1512 the Moors invited him to join them in their never-ending war on Spain. They attempted to take the town and port of Bujaya, but after eight days' fighting, during which Red lost an arm, the attack failed.

Although Barbarossa became rich and powerful after he had captured the town of Algiers, where he set himself up as sultan, his entanglement with Spain proved his undoing. Charles V sent an army of 10,000 men to Algiers, defeated and killed the corsair.



FRANCIS LUCAS, Big Missouri Tackle.

The largest player on Missouri's team and one of the heaviest in the middle west is Francis Lucas from St. Joseph, Mo. He weighs 230 pounds, but one would not realize it to see him move. Coach Henry believes that "Luke" should be an All Valley selection this season.



Body by Fisher

Only Buick has an engine vibrationless beyond belief

BUICK'S remarkable freedom from vibration is due primarily to three vitally important factors. First—the inherent smoothness of the Buick Valve-in-Head six-cylinder engine. Second—rubber engine mountings, front and rear. And third—the scientific and almost perfect balance of the entire Buick crankshaft assembly.

Only Buick enjoys these advantages. And only Buick provides the silken performance—the unvarying smoothness at all speeds—the longer life and greater serviceability of an engine vibrationless beyond belief.

Sedans \$1195 to \$1995 Coupes \$1195 to \$1850

Sport Models \$1195 to \$1525

All prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich., government tax to be added.

The G.M.A.C. financing plan, the most desirable, is available.

BUICK for 1928

Phone 433

Taylor Auto Co.

Buick—LaSalle—Cadillac

When better automobiles are built, Buick will build them

Nations aren't likely to beat their swords into plowshares while beating their rivals into oil-fields.—Atlanta Tribune.

Mrs. Arnold Roth accompanied her husband to Springfield, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Matthews, Jr., left Friday for Washington, D. C. They expect to return Wednesday.

Sale of neck band shirts at \$1.95 Manhattan, Emory Ide and other good makes. See our window. Values to \$4.50—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Mrs. McGinnis and children, who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Essary, left Friday for Blue Jay, West Va., where she will join her husband, who is visiting his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Essary accompanied Mrs. McGinnis and children as far as Paducah, Ky. The McGinnis will visit in Virginia for two weeks, before returning to Hawaii.

Malone Theatre

7:00 O'CLOCK NIGHTLY

TUESDAY
Unusual and startling even for a Chaney film!

LON CHANEY
with Norman Kerry, Joan Crawford

"The Unknown"

The man of a thousand faces here gives a characterization surpassing anything he has done previously for sustained thrills, mystery, dramatic surprise!

NEWS and COMEDY
Nite 7:00 p. m. 10c and 35c

WEDNESDAY

A Jewish Miss! An Irish Kiss! Comedy Whirl! And What a Girl!
Corned beef and cabbage
A barrel full of beer
The Cohens and the Clancys
The whole gang's here.

"Clancy's Kosher Wedding"
starring GEORGE SIDNEY and all star cast.

NEWS AND COMEDY
Admission 10c & 25c

THURSDAY

"Body and Soul"

A pace that kills! Replete with thrills! A picnic row! Oh what a wow! A comic pair! Who sure are there! A furious show! You've got to go! Three never was a wedding like this!

Youth married to middle-age—May wedded to December—can such a union be successful? Can the wedding ring bridge such a gap of years? Here is one answer, told in such powerful drama as the screen has seldom seen! You Mustn't Miss It! A Reginald Barker production with AILEEN PRINGLE, NORMAN KERRY, LIONEL BARRYMORE.

CARTOON and COMEDY
Admission 10c and 25c

FRIDAY

MARY PICKORD in

"Sparrrows"

"I've got it!" Mary certainly has. It's a new one—the potato hop. Created to entertain her brood of waifs—it leads you laughingly into the heart gripping drama. See the sweetheart of stars in her dramatic accomplishment, brimful of human interest, tense with suspense. Everybody's singing the praises of the world's sweetheart in this, her triumph of triumphs.

PATHE REVIEW, FELIX CARTOON and the Comedy Smash of the Season! A bang-up punch in every foot, with romance and thrills galore!

H. C. Witwer's

"Beauty Parlor Features"

with AL COOKE and KIT GUARD
featuring Lorraine Eason, Thelma Hill and Danny O'Shea

Bargain Matinee Every Friday at 3 p. m. Admission 10c & 25c
Nite 7:00 p. m. 15c and 35c

SATURDAY
Afternoon and Evening

A smashing drama of a heroic dog RANGER in

"Breed of Courage"

with his canine co-stars OGOMA and NITCHAMOOSE. A powerful, surging drama of the mountain country—the struggles of a school girl in keeping her inheritance intact throughout a desperate feud—the loyal protection of a beautiful dog and the greatest of animal sacrifices! With Jeanne Morgan and Sam Nelson

AESOP FABLES, Episode 6—"ON GUARD" and Comedy—"ANTI FAT"

Continuous Show 2:30 to 10:30;
2:30 to 6:30—Adm. 10c & 25c
6:30 to 10:30—Adm. 15c & 25c

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

"For the Love of Mike"

with BEN LYON, GEORGE SYDNEY FORD, STERLING, CLAUDETTE COLBERT, HUGH CAMERON

Score another hit for our expert! He's the fellow that picks your entertainment. He knows what you want, and will stop at nothing to get the best for you. He's sure you'll like this thrilling drama of a foundling who became a college hero and sacrificed his own honor to uphold the honor of the men who fathered him! Don't miss it!

NEWS and COMEDY

Bargain Matinee Every Monday at 3 p. m. Admission 10c and 25c

UMAGUESS TO WASHBURN

Umaguess has written a number of attempted poems. So we do not know the one that hit piggle "Washi", But it must have been a corker to cause this solon To jump on his good friend and supporter "begoshi".

What's Milo done to "Washi", the funnies caricature, To make "Washi" choose to have Milo pose in the nude; What if Milo is Umaguess, as "Washi" is so cock-sure, There must be a reason for "Washi" treating 'm so rude.

They say a hit pig will squeal; has "Washi" been struck; What good could come to Scott County, New Madrid as well, Could Umaguess bring the inhabitants great, good luck, If some IMPORTANT OCCASION his poem he would tell?

There must be something in the poem bout the West Route, Which caused "Washi" to rear upon his long, hind legs; And, tell me, what's all this fuss and feathers about, That certain PARTICULAR ROUTE must be set with meggs?

If we served well as "Washi" admits he served at Jeff, After Kingshighway 'ad been built, there'd be a repay, So that a pavement could be built with the "mun" 'tis ef' From Ilmo to Chaffee, to Oran and to Old Kingshighway.

If Milo should be clothed in CHEESECLOTH in the SPRING, His ungainly form exposed to APPLE BLOSSOMS in the nude, His apparel would be carbon, 'side the arguments they bring For this PARTICULAR West Route, so selfish and so crude.

—UMAGUESS.

CORRESPONDENCE FROM MOREHOUSE

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Sales of Sikeston spent the week-end with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Crosno.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Vick visited relatives in Paducah, Ky., over the week-end.

Judson Reynolds, who is superintendent of the Grays Ridge high school, expects to move his family there this week. They are building Mr. Reynolds a new house which is nearly completed.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. McCabe spent last week visiting their daughter, Mrs. E. E. Rogers at Caruthersville,

Miss Margaret Crosno, who has been ill with tonsilitis, is back in school again. It was feared at first that Margaret had diphtheria.

The first and second grades of the school will put on an evening program in the near future. Watch for dates as these programs are always well worth going to.

The most important social event of the year was the celebration by Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Tickell of their golden wedding anniversary, Saturday. Both bride and groom in the ceremony were coy and youthful as they stepped forward for a second time to the tune of the wedding march. Scores of friends attended to wish the couple continued happiness. Nearly all of the old New Madrid couples attended, as well as many from Cape Girardeau, Sikeston and other places. The gifts were lavish. Mr. Tickell is 77 years and Mrs. Tickell is 68. Both were born in the city of New Madrid. Mr. Tickell grew up with river navigation, for which the Tickells furnished freight through the Tickell warehouses. He served as sheriff of New Madrid County from 1893 to 1897, moving to Morehouse in 1898.

The Morehouse Tiger football team repeated their defeat of Matthews Friday, piling up a score of 26 to 0. Touchdowns were made by Wofford, McCabe, Spence and Harris. McCabe carried the ball over for one extra point and Wofford for the other.

Miss Alfreda Denton of Memphis, Tenn., spent the week-end in this city with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Denton.

The Red Cross is making delivery on the household goods allotted to those who lost all they had in the spring overflow.

Manhattan, Emory and Ide neckband shirt sale all at one price, \$1.95. Values to \$4.50—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Francis, Misses Myra Tanner and Ruby Evans were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jean Hirschberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Studinski of Pueblo, Colo., and Mr. and Mrs. Schultz of Troy, Mo., spent the week-end with Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Old.

Dr. Michelson, of St. Louis, 28 years' experience treating eyes, Del Rey Hotel Building, for three days, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week.

The Co-Workers of the Methodist church will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. J. H. Yount with Mrs. Yount and Mrs. J. H. Galeener as hostesses.

Sale of neck band shirts at \$1.95 Manhattan, Emory Ide and other good makes. See our window. Values to \$4.50—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Fr. Woods is spending a few days in St. Louis, going up Saturday night. Fr. Flannigan of New Madrid said Mass at St. Francis Xavier church Sunday morning.

Mrs. J. A. Froehck of Boston, Mass., formerly Miss Creal Smith of Sikeston, orders her paper sent to Palma Sola Park, Bradenton, Fla., where they have a winter home.

Don't forget the meeting of the Kingshighway at Ilmo this Tuesday evening at 7:30. This is the first meeting in the north end of the county and should be well attended.

The American Legion and Auxiliary will hold their regular meeting Wednesday evening in the Chamber of Commerce room at 7:30. A full attendance of both organizations is desired.

Mrs. Bettie Matthews motored to Morehouse Saturday accompanied by Mesdames Mollie Long and Cy Harris, where they attended the Golden Wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tickell.

A large number of New Madrid county folks were there to extend congratulations to this worthy couple.

Mrs. Florence Marshall received a message Friday night, announcing the birth of a little son to her daughter-in-law, Mrs. B. F. Marshall, Jr., at St. Ann's Hospital, St. Louis. Mother and babe are doing satisfactorily. Tom Mooney came down from St. Louis Saturday and drove Mrs. Marshall and Miss Kate Austin to St. Louis, Sunday to see the new arrival.

Manhattan, Emory and Ide neckband shirt sale all at one price, \$1.95. Values to \$4.50—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

FOR SALE—At the Baby Shop, all wool hand-made baby garments, ages from 1 to 3 years. Phone 675R.

WANTED—At once, an experienced cook and housekeeper. Permanent home if satisfactory. Phone 108, Morehouse, 11pm.

FOR RENT—Farm, in Sandywoods, consisting 720 acres with three main dwelling houses and barns, with several tenant houses. Will rent as a whole or divided up in small tracts. Will rent for cash or crop rent.—Mrs. John E. Marshall, North Kingshighway, Sikeston, Mo. 21.

WINTER ICE SCHEDULE

On and After October 20th We Will Make Deliveries As Follows:

South of Missouri Pacific Tracks
Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays

North of Missouri Pacific Tracks
Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays

Display Your Cards As Usual and Driver Will Make Deliveries

Should you desire ice on any day that the driver is not on your route call us and we will be glad to make the delivery.

28—Phones—262

MISSOURI UTILITIES COMPANY

Dr. Michelson, eye specialist will be glad to have you call at his office in the Del Rey Hotel Building.

FIRST CREDITOR'S MEETING

In the District Court of the United States for the Southeastern Division of the Eastern Judicial District of Missouri.

In the matter of Asa V. Dorough, Bankrupt.

In Bankruptcy No. 1128 To the Creditors of Asa V. Dorough of Sikeston, Missouri and District aforesaid, Bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on October 15th, 1927, said Asa V. Dorough was adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at his office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, Suite 1 and 2, Houck Building, 128 Main Street, in the City of Cape Girardeau, State of Missouri on October 29th, 1927, at 1:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

At said meeting the creditors will consider the advisability of the sale of all the assets, real estate and personal property of said estate at public or private sale, subject to approval or confirmation by the court.

H. E. ALEXANDER, Referee in Bankruptcy. Cape Girardeau, Mo., Oct. 15, 1927.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY

Right now we are offering a number of exceptional used cars at rare prices. For appearance, comfort and mechanical condition these are hard to beat:

See these cars today.

PRIESTER MOTOR CO.

Sikeston Fruit Company
BECK BUILDING
SIKESTON

BUICK BREAKS SALES RECORDS

Increase Averages 4,000 Cars a Month over Same Period in 1926

Frank Heisler spent the week-end in Caruthersville, the guest of his granddaughter, Mrs. Raymond Lemmon and family.

Sale of neck band shirts at \$1.95 Manhattan, Emory Ide and other good makes. See our window. Values to \$4.50—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

FOR SALE—At the Baby Shop, all wool hand-made baby garments, ages from 1 to 3 years. Phone 675R.

WANTED—At once, an experienced cook and housekeeper. Permanent home if satisfactory. Phone 108, Morehouse, 11pm.

FOR RENT—Farm, in Sandywoods,

consisting 720 acres with three main dwelling houses and barns, with several tenant houses. Will rent as a whole or divided up in small tracts.

Will rent for cash or crop rent.—Mrs.

John E. Marshall, North Kingshighway, Sikeston, Mo. 21.

PHONE 433
TAYLOR AUTO COMPANY

Bananas, per dozen 25c

California Grapes, per lb. 15c 2 lbs. for 25c

Sunkist Oranges, dozen 45

Apples Grimes Golden and Jonathan lb. 5c

Sunkist Lemons, dozen 40c

Onions Red, White and Spanish lb. 5c

Cabbage, per pound 4c

Lettuce, per pound 15c

Celery, per bunch 10c-15c

Potatoes, per peck 35c

REED GIVES PLATFORM IN RACE FOR PRESIDENT

(Continued from second page) cent for the first ten years and 3½ per cent interest thereafter. For the money so loaned the United States pays 4½ per cent.

"The annual differences in the rate of interest paid by the United States on the moneys it loaned to England and the interest paid by England is \$25,747,000 per annum.

U. S. Loses \$22,000,000.000

A skilled accountant certified that the difference in interest compounded

throughout the sixty-six years amounts to more than \$22,000,000,000.

"This unjust settlement was forced through the Congress by the direct action of Mellon and the President, backed by a standpat organization efficiently supported by a skilled financial lobby.

"Then came the Dictator of Italy, demanding a greater reduction. Again the financial interests referred to took sides against their own government and their own people, and in favor of the Italian Government and the bonds held by them.

"The Italian debt was settled at less than 21 cents on the dollar.

"By this transaction the Italian

Government escaped the payment of \$1,612,000,000. That great burden was thus shifted from the shoulders of the people of Italy to the taxpayers of America.

"Mellon and his coadjutors are offering to settle with France at approximately 50 cents on the dollar. The scheme, if successful, will transfer from the taxpayers of France a burden of over \$4,000,000,000 (interest and principal) and place that load upon the shoulders of the American people.

"The transaction has not been consummated because of opposition in the Senate, and further because the French Government (encouraged by the attitude of the American President, plus the advocacy of their cause by Mellon and the financial interests) has refused to agree to pay even 50 per cent.

"I omit from consideration the smaller countries, where settlements wholly indefensible have been made.

Burden Put on U. S.

"If the French transaction is completed, there will have been planned upon the back of the American people an aggregate burden of \$10,705,000,000, which by every principle of justice ought to be borne by European nations. And this large amount does not include compound interest.

"The annual interest charge which must be paid by our taxpayers for the money on that part of the debt thus transferred from European countries to America is \$105,617,000.

"It will perhaps be fifty years before we are able to wipe out all of our national debt.

"During that period, this great burden of interest must be carried by the American taxpayers.

"The whole attitude of our government has been one of vacillation and cowardice.

"I repeat again: 'What we need is an American policy! What we need is an American administration that thinks only in the terms of America and labors for the interest of our own people.'

"An administration guilty of such transactions as I have described ought to be driven from power and buried in the grave of shame".

Taking up the tariff, Reed asserted, "the protected interests swarmed upon Washington as the locusts swarmed upon Egypt", after Harding was inaugurated.

He said they boldly asserted: "We won the election, and we are entitled to the rewards".

"They asserted that they desired to retain the then high war prices and that the government should make that possible."

Trusts Backed Harding

"In truth, their money and influence had largely brought about the election of Mr. Harding. Their insolent demands, therefore, fell upon receptive ears.

"From the first they had the backing of Mr. Mellon and of the President. Their orders were obeyed to the letter. Tariff rates were raised to a point never before demanded. And this was done for the express purpose of holding the price of American manufactured products at the war level.

"This infamy was consummated at a time when the American farmers whose prices had been regulated down by the government during the entire war was compelled to sell his surplus upon the bankrupt markets of Europe, and the price of the surplus, of course, fixed the level of the domestic market.

"Thus, from that day to this, the farmer has been compelled to pay an unnatural and unjust price for everything he purchases and to sell in a market where he is not permitted to buy.

"Yet, this wretched crowd of conspirators had and have the temerity to claim that they were and are the friends of the farmer".

Reed said virtually "the same crowd that four years ago hypocritically pretended that they would receive the farmers by putting a tariff upon farm products now come forward backing a scheme which proposes to confer upon thirteen men sitting in Washington the right to levy a forced tribute upon every bushel of wheat, pound of corn or beef raised by the American farmer and to use the tribute thus exacted in an attempt to corner the market and raise the price of food-stuffs to the American people".

Attacks McNary-Haugen Bill

This was regarded as an attack upon the McNary-Haugen bill, which Reed fought in the Senate and voted against at the last session and against which he has spoken several times since.

"The scheme is offered as an antidote or offset for tariff exactions", he said. "It resembles the prescription of the insane surgeon who would propose to cure an existing cancer by grafting another into the flesh of the victim. The thing to do is to cut out the tariff cancer and give the patient a chance to recover.

"But the important consideration in the minds of some of these gentlemen is that tariff robbery must be perpetuated; that every special grant of priv-

ilege to plunder the American people shall be continued".

Reed charged more than \$4,000,000 worth of goods manufactured in the United States last year were sold in open competition in foreign markets at a price "from 25 to 50 per cent less than the prices exacted from the American people".

"It is unanswerable that if the American manufacturers can sell abroad they need no tariff at home, and that every dollar exacted by them from the American people in excess of the prices charged abroad is robbery perpetrated behind the tariff wall" he said.

Reed assailed form Governor Lowden of Illinois during his discussion of Republican campaign funds and "corrupt elections".

Assails Lowden

He said, "it was one of their burning and shining lights—Lowden of Illinois, son-in-law of the Pullman Company, now 'the farmers' friend and defender of the oppressed', who put up \$38,500 to control the Missouri delegation to the Republican National Convention".

This was a reference to the campaign fund expended for Lowden in 1920 in Missouri, which resulted in a political scandal.

Linking up campaign contributors to the G. O. P. funds with special privilege under the tariff, Reed had this to say:

"These interests regard campaign contributions as mere option purchases of the government.

"They are willing to advance large sums of money in the certain expectation that they will collect a hundredfold when they have gained control of the government. Accordingly, for years they have pursued the same policies.

"It was Matt Quay, who, as chairman of the Republican National Committee, declared he proposed to 'fry the fat out of the protected manufacturers'.

"It was Dudley, secretary of the Republican National Committee, who gathered an immense corruption fund and directed that 'floats' be gathered, organized and voted in 'blocks of five' in doubtful states.

"It was Mark Hanna who levied a tribute upon the protected interests so great that the money could not be economically expended. He literally flooded the election precincts with gold. He bulldozed and coerced where he could not purchase.

Wanted \$15,000,000 Fund

"It was the Republican National Committee that sought in the Harding campaign to raise a fund of from

"It was three or four prominent managers of that party who gathered in a room with King of Connecticut (recently a suicide to escape the bar of justice) and agreed to put up an unconscionable preconvention fund for Gen. Wood.

"It was Mellon who left the President's Cabinet to declare publicly in the State of Pennsylvania that the President desired the renomination of George Wharton Pepper to the United States Senate.

"It was Mellon, his brother and nephew who made initial contributions of \$75,000 to that fund.

"It was that group of patriots who perfected the organization which collected nearly \$400,000 from a single Pennsylvania manufacturer, who testified he expected to 'get it all back, but did not know just who from, and which caused high sums of money to be toted about the State of Pennsylvania at night in handbags and satchels.

"It was that same group which hired from 35,000 to 50,000 alleged 'watchers' in the City of Pittsburgh at \$10 a head. Clearly, the purpose



GWINN HENRY, Missouri Coach.

Gwinn Henry has earned himself a unique niche in the hearts of the students at the University of Missouri. He has given them Missouri Valley championship teams in 1924 and 1925, one which ran second in 1923, and a 1926 team which lost but one game during the entire season. His teams have whipped Chicago, West Virginia, played tie games with S. M. U. and Tulane, and gained a national prominence that surpasses any ever had by Tiger teams. During his years at Missouri only five football games have been turned in on the loss side of the ledger.

was to purchase the votes of these miserable wretches.

Mellon Aiding Vare

"It was Mellon's group that declared that Vare was wholly unfit for public office and that his election to the Senate would be a public calamity; but when Vare, by a combination of booze issues and ballot manipulations, won the nomination immediately consorted with Vare and organized to consummate the infamy by sending him to the United States Senate.

"It was this same Andrew W. Mellon who, as a member of the Cabinet and almost from the steps of the White House, declared that the contributions made and the moneys expended were justifiable as subscriptions to the Church of Almighty God.

The sanctimonious function with which this blasphemy was uttered ought to arouse the jealous rage of all hypocrites and betrayers who have cursed the earth from the days of Judas Iscariot to 'Boss' Tweed, and from 'Boss' Tweed to Abert B. Fall.

Trusts Multiply

"How stands the case?

"Trusts multiply, and the President does not 'choose' to interfere.

"Monopoly grows fat, and the President does not 'choose' to act.

"Combinations are formed and arrogantly pursue their methods under the protection of the government, and the President 'chooses' to approve.

"Commissions are packed by interested parties and their attorneys, so that instead of being guardians of the public they have become instruments of oppression and wrong, and the President 'chooses' to do the packing.

Tariff Commission "Packed"

"The Tariff Commission was so packed. A majority of honest men were prepared to report that the tariff on sugar ought to be reduced. The report was suppressed. The commission was packed by placing upon it a man whose family was financially interested in the sugar business.

"The coal producers of West Virginia and Kentucky were supplying a large region naturally contiguous to their mines.

"This did not suit the great Pennsylvania coal barons. They sought to have the railroad tariff raised upon Kentucky and West Virginia coal. The railroads protested, insisting that the rates were sufficiently high. The contest was carried through the Interstate Commerce Commission. That body was understood to be opposed to any change.

Terms Expiring

"The terms of one of the commissioners so holding was about to expire. . . . Coolidge, as his interest in the Pennsylvania coal companies. The Senate rejected his name. But the Pennsylvania coal producers did not cease their battle, and notwithstanding the action of the Senate worked their will upon the commission.

"The Interstate Commerce Commission has very recently arbitrarily commanded the railroads to raise their rates on Pennsylvania and West Virginia coal.

"This the commission has done against the protests of the railroads.

"The decision is of sinister import.

"It proposes to annul natural advantages of location. Its effect is to increase the price of coal to millions of people.

"The decision is the last word in governmental favoritism; it is the high point of bureaucratic misrule, and can only be described as infamous".

Reed said about lobbyists:

"One of the first acts of the Wilson administration was to drive the organized lobby from the capital.

"The first act of the Harding administration was to welcome its return. There it has ever since, in serene confidence, held undisturbed possession.

"Lobbyists maintain their offices in Washington, advertise their influence as merchants display their wares.

Open Lobbying

"They exchange information and swap influence.

"The intrigue, spy, cajole and flatter.

"They organize propaganda to deceive members of Congress and to mislead the people.

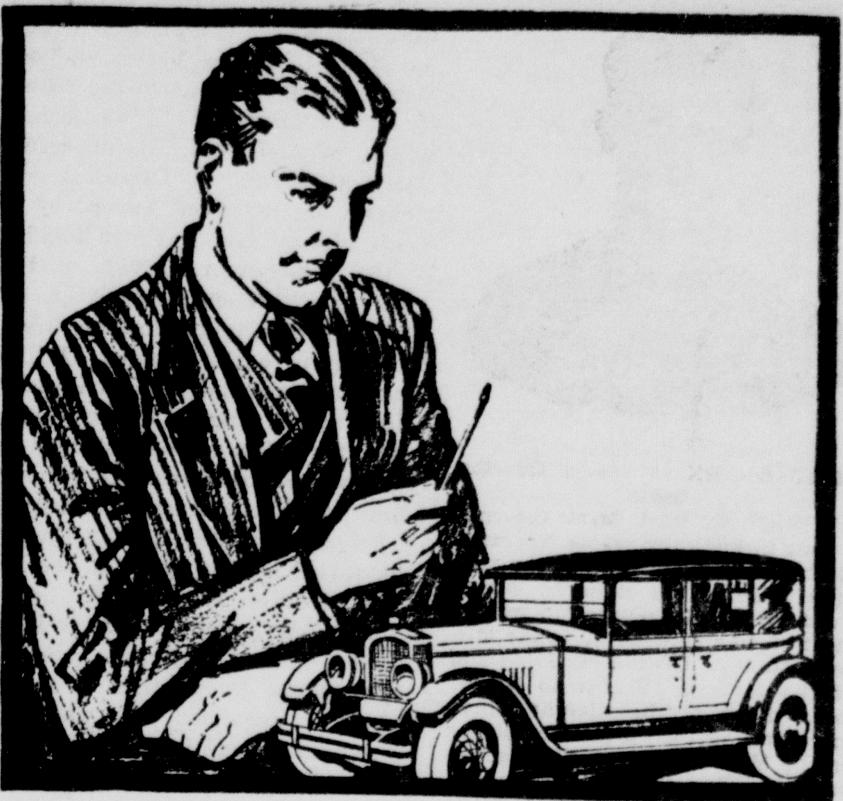
"They have as little right to hibernate in the capital of the nation as the money changers had to crowd the temple.

"And as the money changers were lashed from the temple, so should those who make a trade of lobbying and a profession of intrigue be driven from the capital of the nation.

"In all the long years of the Coolidge regime, not a single great trust has been dissolved by operation of law—not a single effective blow struck in favor of the liberation of the commerce of the nation from the control of those who have conspired in the teeth of the statutes of the land. Mr. Coolidge does not 'choose' to act.

"And so, I say again: 'The times are ripe, and rotten ripe for a change'."

Mountain View—W. M. Wicks proposes to build new telephone system here in near future.



**"How best
can I trade in
my present car
for a new car?"**

WHEN you are ready to trade in your present car for a new car, you naturally want full value for your present car. But most of all you want full new car value.

It will therefore pay you to consider varying trade-in allowance offers in the light of these basic facts:

1 Your present car has only one fundamental basis of value: i.e., what the dealer who accepts it in trade can get for it in the used car market.

2 Your present car has seemingly different values because competitive dealers are bidding to sell you a new car.

3 The largest allowance offered is not necessarily the best deal for you. Sometimes it is; sometimes it is not.

4 An excessive allowance may mean that you are paying an excessive price for the new car in comparison with its real value.

5 First judge the merits of the new car in comparison with its price, including all delivery and finance charges. Then weigh any difference in allowance offered on your present car.

6 Remember that you are making a purchase—not a sale. You are buying a new car and simply using your present car as a credit against the new car's purchase price.

WE publish this message, believing that the public is entitled to have all the facts. And we invite you to send for the facts about General Motors products by using the coupon below.

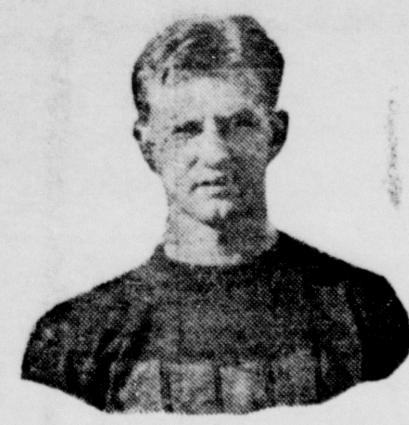
GENERAL MOTORS

CLIP THE COUPON

GENERAL MOTORS (Dept. A), Detroit, Mich.

| | | |
|------------|--------------------------|---|
| CHEVROLET | <input type="checkbox"/> | Please send, without obligation to me, illustrated literature describing the General Motors product |
| PONTIAC | <input type="checkbox"/> | I have checked—together with your booklet describing General Motors Proving Ground. |
| OLDSMOBILE | <input type="checkbox"/> | Name _____ |
| OAKLAND | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| BUICK | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| LASALLE | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| CADILLAC | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |

FRIGIDAIRE Electric Refrigerator DELCO-LIGHT Electric Plants



BERT CLARK, Missouri Quarter-back.

When little Bert Clark returned a punt through the whole Nebraska football team last fall for the winning score of the game he simply lived up to his reputation as the most elusive ball lugger in the Missouri Valley. On the receiving end of the famous "Stuber to Clark" forward pass combination he gained more ground than any other player on the Missouri team. This season he is running the team from the quarterback position, and his teammates expect his prowess to bring him national recognition. His home is at Chillicothe Mo.

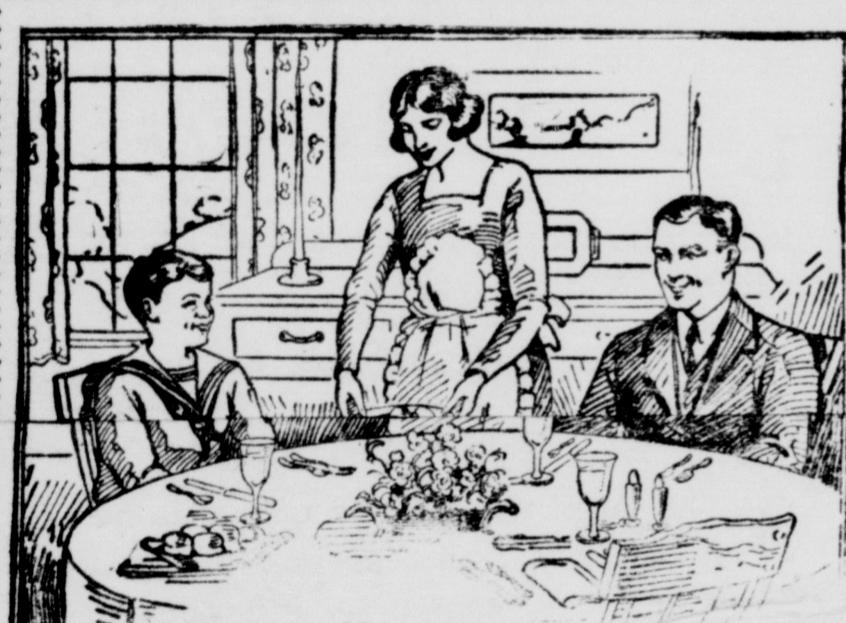
WORLD'S FIFTEEN DECISIVE BATTLES

Creasy, the historian of warfare, selected as the 'Fifteen Decisive Battles of the World' the following:

1. Marathon, at which, on September 28, 490 B. C., 11,000 Greeks defeated a Persian force numbering more than 110,000 men. 2. Syracuse, 419 B. C., when the besieged Syracuseans turned upon the invading Athenians and almost completely destroyed their forces. 3. Arbela, the battle between Alexander the Great and Darius Codomannus which decided the fate of the Persians; October 1, 331 B. C. 4. Metaurus, at which Hasdrubal, the brother of Hannibal, was defeated and slain by the Roman army.

Be they ever so humble, there's nobody stays home.—Publishers Syndicate.

The prediction that everybody will soon learn to fly appears to offer the one ray of hope for the jay-walker.—Manchester Union.



CLEANLINESS

is always paramount with us—that is why local people, traveling men and tourists

ALWAYS PREFER TO DINE WITH US

Our place not only looks clean in front—but is kept spotless from front door to back.

Phone 291

Japanese Tea Room

MERCHANTS LUNCH 11:30 to 1:30, 50c

REDUCED FARES SAINT LOUIS

Veiled Prophet's Parade and Ball--October 19-21

Reduced fare tickets available October 18 to 21 inclusive. Good returning, to reach starting point by October 22. Plan your visit to St. Louis during its gayest season.



"A Service Institution"

Secure Tickets and further information from local Missouri Pacific representative.

ROBERT W. OTTO TO ENTER CONTEST FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Jefferson City, October 14.—Robt. W. Otto of Jefferson City, the Baker administration's choice for the Republican gubernatorial nomination in 1928, will announce his candidacy in the next few days, it was learned this afternoon, as a consequence of the announcement of former Congressman Cleveland A. Newton of St. Louis that he would not seek the place.

Otto has made no public announcement of his plans, but has told friends he would be a candidate. This was confirmed by a statement from Gov. Baker that Otto "will announce". Some of the Baker appointees have been making a tour of the State to sound the sentiment for Otto. It is known that some of the reactions were not favorable to Otto's candidacy, but the administration apparently has decided to force the issue and put Otto into the field early. Otto was in St. Louis earlier this week consulting Republican organization leaders.

That Otto will have opposition for the nomination is beyond question. Otto has been the closest confidant of the Governor, with the exception of Dr. Cortez F. Enloe, whose record as director of penal institutions was severely criticized by an investigating committee of the State Senate, and whose recent resignation from the penal board came as a result of the prison investigation.

Some of the Republican leaders have been averse to entering a campaign of explanation of the administration record, including the Board of Health, penitentiary and almshouse institution scandals and have been seeking as candidate an outstanding man not identified directly with the administration.

Otto will have the support of the Baker administration and a rather large personal following, but it is doubtful if the full force of the appointive departments can be thrown to him. An outgoing Governor in the last day of his administration has a waning power under such circumstances. Job holders in the past have not hesitated to give at least partial support to a candidate other than the administration choice, if they think he can win.

Former Supreme Judge Otto who will be 34 years old December 25, has had an unusual political career. Formerly an assistant Attorney-General, he was nominated and elected Attorney-General in November, 1924. He assumed office January 1, 1925, and was appointed from Gov. Baker to serve out the unexpired term of Supreme Judge Arch M. Woodson, Democrat, who died in November, 1925.

He gained the nomination to succeed himself as supreme judge without opposition in the primary election in 1926. He was defeated by Ernst S. Gantt, Democrat, by 1218 votes in the general election in November, 1926. Following his retirement from the bench, Otto began the practice of law in Jefferson City, and has had considerable practice before State Commissions and Departments.

It is known Gov. Baker would have made him a member of the workers' compensation commission if Otto had desired it. The Governor later desired Otto's appointment as counsel for the State Highway Commission, which would have permitted him to carry on his local practice. The Commission did not carry out the Governor's wishes, and promoted Lon Lozier, a Democrat, from within the Department to be the Commission's counsel.

The Governor later appointed Otto a member of his personal staff of honorary colonels, and designated him as his official representative to greet Col. Lindbergh in New York, following Lindbergh's trans-Atlantic flight.

NIGHT CREWS AT WORK ON BRIDGE AT CAIRO

Cairo, Ill., October 14.—Night crews have been added to the force at work on the highway bridge which is being built across the Mississippi River to Missouri, here.

A fleet of barges and other equipment is being brought here from Louisiana, Mo., where the Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron Co. has completed its part of a new bridge across the Mississippi.

The bridge at Cairo will connect the concrete road system of Illinois with that of Southeast Missouri. This will give an open route the year around to tourists from north to south and from the east to the west.

Highway No. 60 crosses Mississippi County from the bridge, connecting with Scott County on the west. No. 55 traverses the county south then southeast, stopping at Wolf Island, which connects the county with Kentucky.

It is reported that the hookworm disease has been practically eradicated by the Rockefeller foundation. It's the oily bird that gets the hookworm, you see.—San Diego Union.

VATICAN ORGAN WANTS PRINCIPALITY FOR POPE

Rome, October 14.—The Osservatore Romano, organ of the Vatican, publishes a demand for restoration of the Pope's temporal power which is considered a mitigation of the official severity in the Holy See's attitude toward Italy.

This marks a complete reversal of policy from the Osservatore's stand expressed last Saturday. It also removes one great obstacle in setting up a tiny independent State for the Pope since Premier Mussolini has declared he could never agree to international interference in any settlement or negotiations with the Vatican.

The Osservatore proposes creation of an independent principality which would include that section of Rome occupied by the Vatican and St. Peter's. It would be small enough to be no threat to Italy, but would give the Holy See that temporal power which it demands as proof of its complete independence.

The article is not initiated, an indication that the official seal has not been set upon it. But the mere fact that it has appeared is a sign that the Vatican intends to keep ajar the door to further expression of opinion. It is now two years since unofficial, but licensed exchange of views began and this is the first time they have reached anything approaching common ground.

The Osservatore article is a reply to the Milanese Corriere Della Sera's claim that the Pope already enjoys the full measure of liberty. The pontiffs themselves are the best judges of that, says the Osservatore, and not only the reigning Pope but five predecessors, all Italians, have felt the difficulties of their position.

All have proclaimed to the Catholic world that it is impossible for the church's supreme head to accept the actual situation as legitimate.

The change of policy is noticeable as contrasted with last Saturday's statement that the liberty and independence of the Pope should no only be real and perfect, but manifest to the whole world not the result of particular legislation by any one government but recognized by foreign governments and peoples.

AFTER A TEMPEST

The day had been a day of wind and storm; but the storm was overpast and the wind was laid, and stooping on the wide earth.

I stood upon the upland slope and cast my eye upon a broad and beautiful scene.

The vast plane lay girt by vast mountains, and hills over hills lifted their green heads.

On the trees glistened the raindrops and the lofty shadows on the tall grass were not stirred, save when a shower of diamonds to the ground was shaken by a frightened feathered creature.

Bees were heard about the flowers, the rivulet sung and gossiped as he hastened oceanward. The squirrel clung to the gray oak, and from the ground the chirping grasshopper upsprung. The farmer again swung the scythe and 'twixt the heavy

Nearby and Yonder

By T. T. MAXEY

WNU Service

Chicago's Sewage Treatment Plant

THE tremendous importance, staggering magnitude and surprising cost involved in the satisfactory and economic disposition of sewage in large cities is brought home by the great "treatment" plant about completed on the north rim of Chicago by the Sanitary District of Chicago.

The method of collecting sewage is well standardized—the sewage from stores, homes and factories drains into small laterals, which drain into larger or main sewers, but the method of disposition varies according to local conditions.

The Sanitary District of Chicago embraces the city proper, the suburban and manufacturing areas between the Indiana and Wisconsin state lines and similar areas northwest, west and southwest of the city. The estimated volume of sewage and industrial waste in this district averaged 885,000,000 gallons daily in 1926.

When this new treatment plant is placed in operation the sewage passed to it will be put through aerated filters, where it will be chemically treated, then run through settling tanks and grit chambers and finally piped to another plant, where it will be dried and sacked preparatory to being sold as fertilizer.

When completed this plant and the necessary connecting sewers, pumps, etc. shall have cost the taxpayers something like \$13,500,000, and will be the latest improved scientific sewage treatment plant in the United States. Designed for a population of 800,000, it will serve an area covering 62 square miles.

Several smaller plants serve other sections of the city.

(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

CITY AUTOMOBILE LICENSE NOW DUE

All auto licenses issued by the City of Sikeston will expire October 14, 1927, therefore it will be necessary to purchase new license covering period from October 14, 1927, to October 14, 1928.

It is against the city ordinances for anyone residing within the city limits of Sikeston to operate a motor vehicle after October 14, 1927, without these license.

This is a general notice to all auto owners and should be given your prompt attention.

P. H. Stevenson

City Clerk

swaths the children were at play. It was a scene of peace and like a spell, upon the motionless wood, the golden sunlight leaped.

Lo, the clouds roll away—the break—they fly, and like the glorious light of summer cast over the wide landscape, on the peaceful world the smile of heaven shall lie.—Juanita Briggs.

What goes up also comes down, but the cost of living seems to have remarkable resistance to the pull of gravitation.—Asheville Times.

Eskimos find fishhooks useful as money. Perhaps they thus find it easier to land a sucker in driving a hard bargain.—Manchester Union.

Some of the Presidential "possibilities" can be considered so only in the sense of Napoleon's remark that "nothing is impossible".—Beloit Daily News.

The millennium will be here soon after nations become as horrified by their own sins as they are by the other fellow's.—Lincoln Star.

At the Rock River Methodist conference a living wage was discussed. Preachers are always talking about something which they had no experience.—American Lumberman (Chicago).

Girls Wanted

Be independent; learn a profession. The Cape Girardeau School of Beauty Culture will open October 24. For information phone 2078 or call at

910 BROADWAY, CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.

WE MAKE 'EM LIKE NEW



A Service For You

ON THOSE matters in which the purchaser may not be expert, the jeweler owes a professional duty to the public.

ON HELPING the customer to select quality in diamonds; the proper percentage of Iridium in Platinum; the best wearing qualities in Gold, the most dependability in Watches, and so forth, the reputable jeweler can render a real service to his customer.

Hess & Culbertson
Jewelry Company
OLIVE STREET AT NINTH
SOUTHEAST CORNER
ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. WELERS FOR 45 YEARS

Overcoats, Ladies' Coats,
Suits
Hats and Caps
Promptness and Courtesy

Sikeston Cleaning Company

"We Clean What Others Try"

**GOVERNMENT
STILL TAKEN
DURING RAID**

A government still, stolen some time ago from the federal government, was found Friday by federal prohibition agents, near Lavall, Mo., in Stoddard county, and two men, one charged with owning the still and the other with being an employee at the whiskey manufacturing plant, were arrested.

Frank Riley, alleged notorious moonshiner, and Pop Ququet, aged about 65, were placed under arrest. Both were at the still, and it was in operation when the federal agents, under T. L. Harris, arrived at the place.

Riley is the man who shot and killed Charles McMullin, Sikeston resident, some months ago. He was acquitted when he pleaded self-defense. He has also been convicted in federal and state courts in connection with liquor law violations.

"We purchased two quarts of whiskey from Riley's field man some days ago," said Harris this morning. "We located the still through him, and he never suspected us. Horace Ettinger and I went over yesterday morning early. Ququet was at the still getting the fire going, and we waited for some time before Riley appeared. When he came up, he complained to Ququet that the 'next time I hire a man, he will get down to business early'."

Harris says Ququet is from Albany, Ky., and has been employed by Riley for some months. They were arrested and brought to Poplar Bluff, arriving here about 7 o'clock last night. Today they were taken to Cape Girardeau.

The still, as explained by Harris, was larger at the top than the bottom. The government label had been cut off and the still patched. It was impossible to get any information concerning the former location of the still, but it is presumed it was brought from Kentucky.

"The still was one of the finest I have ever seen," said Harris. "It was a 350 gallon capacity affair, and a second and smaller still was so arranged as to be used as sort of condenser. A two inch coil, 50 feet in length, completed the workings of the still, but it is presumed it was brought from Kentucky.

Other equipment taken included 2800 gallons of mash and 95 gallons of finished whiskey.

Harris said he tried to get some of the neighbors to haul the still to the railroad station, so that it could be brought here, but they refused to have anything to do with it, claiming they were afraid of Riley. The still was so badly mutilated by the prohibition agent, however, that repairs are impossible.

Harris estimated the mash and whiskey as being worth about \$1895, under the present market value of such liquids, and the still was valued at possibly \$500.—Poplar Bluff Republican.

**MISSOURI ANTI-SALOON
LEAGUE SEEKS \$50,000**

St. Louis, October 13.—The Anti-Saloon League of Missouri has begun the Wayne B. Wheeler memorial campaign to raise not less than \$50,000, to be used in organizing the State against the possibility of Governor Al Smith, Senator James A. Reed or any other presidential candidate of similar attitude toward prohibition carrying the State.

Parker Shields, State superintendent, declared the campaign was designed to offset the \$40,000 raised by the Association Against Prohibition to promote the election of antiprohibition candidates to State and national offices.

"Uncompromising in our loyalty to the Constitution of the United States", Shields said, "and desiring to promote the enforcement of all laws for the safety, health and sobriety of our State and nation—all of which prohibition stands for—we enter into a State-wide campaign to raise \$50,000".

The fund will meet 1928 campaign expenses and will be used to fulfill the State League's national quota for support of prohibition, Shields said. As told in the Post-Dispatch last Monday, more than \$1,750,000 will be spent by Anti-Saloon League organizations in 1928 in efforts to elect a President and Congress strictly opposed to modification of the Volstead act.

Well, the experts who said Dempsey was his old self called the adjective.—Detroit News.

**HOGS ON THE FARM
THE PROFIT MAKER**

Every direction from Sikeston shows acre after acre of corn fields with a goodly percentage of the corn blown to the ground. Much of this down corn will be lost unless hogs are used to harvest the crop.

The wastage in corn fields when the corn stands good is great, and the profit to the farmer is that which he can get for the least money. Young cattle and hogs in the stalk field will do well on the fodder, the shattered corn and the peas or beans that are usually planted with the corn. Now is the time to start a herd if you do not own a few brood sows already. Read the Dr. Wilburn hog sale in this issue and plan to buy one or more of the bred sows for a start. The sale will be at Hunter, Mo., west on the road from Poplar Bluff to Doniphan.

**A MINOR OPERATION ON
"SMOKY" SUTTON'S LEG**

A few games ago Carroll Sutton had the calf of his right leg stepped on in a football game that caused him some annoyance. Home remedies were applied without giving much relief. Last Friday morning Coach Moore took him to Dr. Rodes for an examination and it was found a large pus sack had formed between the muscles on the leg and the bone and an incision would have to be made to let the pus out. If the operation was made at that time "Smoky" would likely have to lay out of the game with Charleston in the afternoon. Dr. Rodes applied a bandage. "Smoky" went into the game and was a wonderful player. At 7:30 that evening Dr. Rodes opened the pus sack and drained a tea cup of pus from it.

Carroll was out the next day, limping some, but will be fit for the game with Caruthersville on the Sikeston grounds this Friday afternoon.

AMERICAN LEGION

Henry Meldrum Post No. 114 will hold its regular meeting on Wednesday, October 19 at 7:30 in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce.

So much for the mechanical announcement.

The postal notification giving the data contained in the first paragraph above has been sent out to each of the 88 members of the Post, but that card did not have room to give all the real inside dope on the subject.

We will take up several matters of vital interest to each member. For instance, the details of the next dance on Hallowe'en night, plans for the new Legion home in Sikeston, and the formation of a Post rifle club.

Robley Lennox and Harold Hebbeler will make complete and uncensored reports of the harrowing details of their trip to France, Italy, Germany, Belgium, England and St. Louis.

Translation rights reserved. Including the Scandinavian.

Vets of the World War, whether they are members of the Legion are invited to be present. We promise you a bigger kick than you got the first time the top kick blew his whistle, curse those whistles, and sounded off with, "Line up for pay".

If any member misses this meeting we will send flowers to his home because only serious illness could keep a Legionnaire away from the good things we will have at the meeting Wednesday night.

D. A. B. Wilburn, of Hunter, Mo., spent Saturday night in Sikeston the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lampert. While here he visited the dairy farm of the Hebbeler Bros. south of Sikeston to look over the arrangements of the barn and to inspect the Jersey cows. Dr. Wilburn is a breeder of pure bred Poland China hogs, and expects to establish a herd of Jerseys. His first sale of Poland China will be held Saturday, November 5.

The rescue from total ruin and decay of old McKendree Chapel, that historic old house of worship three miles east of Jackson, is now assured, as the conference in St. Louis adopted a resolution offered by Rev.

Wm. Stewart, which authorizes an appeal for \$2500 to be circulated among the different churches and commanding it. A similar resolution was adopted by the M. E. Church some time ago. The two branches of Methodism now own the grounds jointly and will together bear the expense of repairing and renovating it. Rev. Stewart informed us that he hopes at least the road to the chapel can be built and opened this fall yet.—Jackson Post.

A resident of Ohio, who had previously raised wild fowl under a Federal permit but failed to submit the required report of operations and continued to make sales and shipments without renewal of the permit, was arraigned in Federal court at Toledo, Ohio, on September 19, found guilty, and fined \$300 and costs. To engage in the business of rearing and selling migratory waterfowl, says the Bureau of Biological Survey, United States Department of Agriculture, it is first necessary to obtain a permit from the Secretary of Agriculture and then to comply with all requirements of State law. These requirements are made under the migratory bird treaty act regulations to protect and perpetuate migratory species of birds passing each year between the United States and Canada.

THE PROFIT MAKER**ANNOUNCEMENT**

WE TAKE this method of notifying the patrons of the Star Cafe that we have purchased the interest of its former proprietresses, Mrs. Ora Sexton and Mrs. Kate Willis, and have taken charge of

THE STAR CAFE

We will continue to operate it with the same high class service and the same high class foods, both short orders and regular meals. We have made no change in the kitchen thereby assuring all that the good cooking will continue.

We will appreciate it if you will continue giving us your business and extend to those who have not in the past patronized the Star Cafe a cordial invitation to give us a trial. We will warrant a continuation of it.

**Eugene Potashnick
Joe Albright****IT OCCURRED TO ME**

The manager of Malone Theatre should be disciplined. A few weeks ago the heavyweight championship of the world was settled at the cost of many arguments, some bets, and a fist fight. The series was won by an eastern team amid many arguments and bets. Comes now a film to Sikeston which shows conclusively that the man you bet on really won the heavyweight affair, and the championship is again undecided.

By the way. Were they kidding us when an advertisement was run for a gas range?

If your bus has possibilities, tune her up, get some more gears, and some higher test gas and see Dutch. I'll bet you have not noticed the grease piles along Kinghighway in the business section. From the location of these grease spots, it would appear that auto owners (or installment payers) obey the parking rules. Go ahead and say that you do not look down at the sordid things of life while you are walking.

Legion masquerade hop Monday, October 31.

Statistics show that not one family in fifty has two hundred and fifty dollars cash when death casts its somber shadow on the household. Are you "also a member" of your club or are you a worker for the organization? In one organization, which has a world-wide membership, the question came up about not allowing any lapel emblem to be worn. The lapel emblem was defended by a

group who said, "we believe it should be allowed because so many get nothing else out of their membership other than the wearing of the emblem". Food for thought.

Why is the customer of a doctor called a "patient"?

A gag that has gone the rounds in L. A. is 'Don't step on it. It might be Lon Chaney'. Another is, 'I have been so busy lately that I do not eat Lon Chaney more'.

The elephant lives to be two hundred. But us Democrats will testify senility sets in early.—Dallas News.

Opinion in Cairo differs as to the result of the fill on each side of the river for approaches to the bridge.

Unless the Times has been misinformed, and we cannot believe this, then the fills will constitute a bottleneck far more dangerous to Cairo, this and Scott County, and the counties lying south of us which would receive the same volume of water as we would in case the levee should break north of Charleston. It would prove more disastrous to Cairo than to us, we have been told, and we can easily believe this is true. A delegation of Cairoites left last night for Chicago where they will attend a meeting of the Illinois Chamber of Commerce which will discuss flood prevention today. We would suggest that efforts first be made to obtain appropriations from the government for control and that the plan of control be secondary.

Unless the government take over the entire burden, then control will never be secured, higher levees, spillways or whatnot.—Charleston Times.

**MISS LOS SMITH
WEDS WILLIAM LOVE**

The many friends of Miss Lois Smith and Billie Love of this city will be surprised to learn that these two were married on September 4th at Metropolis, Ill. It was kept a secret until yesterday, when the fact became known.

Miss Lois is the daughter of E. Herbert Smith, co-publisher of the Enterprise-Courier, and is very popular with the younger set. She has been employed in the office of her father and brother, E. Harold Smith.

Billie Love is the son of Probate Judge, Charles R. and Mrs. Love, and is very popular with the younger set.

Both are recent graduates of the high school and carry with them the best wishes of their many friends.—Charleston Times.

**GRAND JURY SEIZES
RECORDS OF KU KLUX**

Luverne, Ala., October 14.—Records and paraphernalia of the Luverne klavern of the Ku Klux Klan were seized today in behalf of the special grand jury inquiring into wholesale floggings, and James Eads of Birmingham, grand dragon of the Klan in Alabama, was questioned as to its activities.

Seizure of the local Klan's records at the home and office of Ira B. Thompson, reputed Klan head, were understood to have been ordered because local Klan officers refused to testify regarding their membership, Cecil Davis of Birmingham, said to be former grand titan of the Southern province of the Klan, began serving a five-day sentence today for refusing to answer questions when called before the grand jury.

Eads, who had been summoned several days ago but was out of the state, came to Luverne today and was closeted with the grand jury for an hour and twenty minutes, but he declined to answer questions as to what was said. Attorney General McCall, who has taken personal charge of the inquiry, and local officials, declined to comment on the seizure of the Klan records.

**Short Skirts and Sleeves Affect Sale
Of Cotton Goods**

Changes in fashion have directly affected the yardage sold of all kinds of dress goods. During the past few years this has tended to decrease such sales. Cotton fabrics have suffered proportionately, if not more than other fabrics, because of the wide variety of clothing that is made from them.

Changes in the length of skirts and sleeves, the straight-line dress design, the decrease in the amount of clothing worn by women, and the vogue for dress designs that cannot always be suitably developed in cotton, have been some of the factors that have influenced the reduction in consumption of cottons. Extensive advertising has also helped to make other fibers than cotton popular with women, especially when combined with fabric style forecasts.

An interesting study of the effect of dress styles on the sales of cotton fabrics has been made by the Bureau of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture.

A number of fashion magazines for women, dating from 1918 to the present time, were consulted in order to follow the changes in styles. Only the issues from January to July were taken, as those contained the most designs suitable for development in cotton. Patterns of size 36 bust measure were used throughout, and the study was limited to patterns calling for material 36 inches and 40 inches in width, as most cotton dresses are made in those widths.

A gradual decrease in the yardage required for dress patterns is evident from 1918 to 1927. The skirts worn in 1919 reached the ankles. The hemline has been moving steadily upward. In 1925 it was 10 or 12 inches from the floor, and at present it is 15 or more inches up. The long or three-quarter length sleeves of 1918 and 1919 became shorter and shorter up to 1924 and 1925. Just now the long sleeve has returned for daytime wear.

As a concrete illustration of the change in yardage required at the present time in making a woman's dress, a 1919 pattern was modified and made up with a shorter skirt, lowered waistline, and narrower flounce, but otherwise virtually the same as the dress of eight years ago. The original pattern called for 5 7-8 yds. of 36-inch material, but the 1927 version was made from 4 1-6 yards of material of the same width, a reduction of about 1 2-3 yards.

Albert Morgan, who lives west of East Prairie, crippled a young bald eagle last Wednesday by shooting it in the wing. Morgan was on the "second ditch" three miles west of there, when he saw this eagle flying up and down the ditch, fishing. He went back there the next day with his gun, and it was still there. It measures 5 feet from tip to tip of its wings, and is not yet nearly grown, as it could hardly fly when caught.

**TUESDAY
MORNING**

Caruthersville, October 15.—The Rev. C. P. Thogmorton and his wife were very seriously injured at 4:00 o'clock this morning when they were awakened to find their bedroom a mass of flames, and they jumped from the second story of the Methodist parsonage here to the ground just before the building fell in.

Their three children, also in the building, escaped with minor injuries.

When he was suddenly awakened and realized that the building was on fire, Mr. Thogmorton picked up his smallest child and called to others to jump for their lives. He threw a mattress out of the window and endeavored to jump on it, but fell to the ground instead. He protected the small child in such a way, however, as to prevent serious injury to it.

Mrs. Thogmorton also leaped for her life and received serious injuries.

Mr. Thogmorton was taken to the home of Dr. Conrad, where, it was said shortly after noon today, pneumonia has developed, and this complication, along with the fact that he inhaled considerable smoke, is regarded as really critical. Two doctors have been with him most of the day.

Mrs. Thogmorton was taken to the home of C. F. Bloker and is under treatment there.

The Thogmorton family had prepared to move today to Farmington, where Mr. Thogmorton was recently appointed to the post of presiding elder of that district. Their household goods were packed, and it is believed that fire in a small stove in the kitchen in some manner ignited some clothing, causing the destructive blaze. The parsonage was completely wrecked.

The new minister and his wife arrived here yesterday but were at the Majestic hotel awaiting removal of Mr. and Mrs. Thogmorton so that they could take up their residence in the parsonage. Mr. Thogmorton has been Methodist preacher here for two years. He is one of the best known Methodist ministers in the St. Louis Conference.

The Rev. W. E. Brown, presiding elder here, left this morning when advised of the Caruthersville fire and injury to Mr. Thogmorton and wife.

Mr. Thogmorton is the son of the late P. G. Thogmorton, who was pastor at the Methodist church here for several years.

**SMITH REPUDIATES
'BOOSTER CLUB' DRIVES**

New York, October 14.—Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York tonight repudiated a canvass that is reported to have been made by two men in Philadelphia to obtain funds for a pro-Smith presidential booster publication, The Appeal.

Gov. Smith said solicitations for funds to promote his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for President were without his sanction and that the use of the name, "Al Smith Booster Clubs", by any promoter, was unauthorized.

"I do not assume to dictate the efforts or opinions of people in various sections of the country", the Governor said, "but I do wish it known that the collection of money for purposes of that nature is not authorized by me".

**M'CANSE IS WATCHING
WILD TURKEY HUNTERS**

Jefferson City, October 14.—Preseason hunting of turkeys is being reported to the State Game and Fish Department, and orders have been issued by Commissioner Kieth McCanse to all game ward

SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY
AT SIKESTON, MISSOURIEntered at the Postoffice at Sikeston,
Scott County, Missouri, as second-class
mail matter, according to act
of Congress.

Rates:
Display advertising, per single column inch, net..... 25c
Reading notices, per line 10c
Bank statements \$10.00
Probate notices, minimum \$ 5.00
Yearly subscription in Scott and the adjoining counties \$ 1.50
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States \$ 2.00

REED GIVES PLATFORM IN RACE FOR PRESIDENT

Sedalia, Mo., October 12.—Senator James A. Reed's speech, delivered today to the Democrats at Sedalia, is regarded as the platform upon which he will seek the Democratic nomination for the presidency.

He declared at the outset he did not arrogate to himself the right to speak for the Democratic party, which would speak through its national platform. He added, however, as a 'rank and file Democrat' he ventured to express his views, conceding to all other loyal Democrats a like privilege.

Should Disregard Fads

The great issues of the campaign, Reed said, "should not be obscured by interparty disputes, personal ambitions, animosities, revenges and past differences".

Fads, fancies and experimental theories should be disregarded, he said, adding Democrats should "form their forces upon the battle line which Jefferson laid out".

Reed urged Democrats to rally to the flag of the Constitution and to stand for principles which he said are "eternal and may not be departed from without confusion and disaster".

This government, he asserted, "was established to protect the citizen in the enjoyment of his natural liberties and all attempts to inject into our plan of government paternalistic, so-

cialistic and regulatory schemes are dangerous and may be fatal".

Getting down to details of a platform for which Democrats should stand, Reed said:

"Let us rally our forces to the flag of the Constitution! Let us make our fight beneath banners proclaiming:

"The inalienable rights of the citizen, among which are liberty of conscience, without coercion, criticism or obloquy."

Religious Freedom

"The right of every man to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and that 'none shall make him afraid'.

"The right of free speech, free press and peaceable assemblage.

"The right of each citizen to regulate his own personal conduct—chart his own course through life—determine his own habits and to control the affairs of his own household, free from all restraints, save that in the exercise of these natural privileges he will not interfere with the rights of others".

"Let us reassert the truth of the doctrine that:

Sovereignty of States

"If this people are to remain free, local self-government and the sovereignty of the states must be preserved.

"The federal power should be brought within the limits, not only of the letter, but also within the spirit of the Constitution.

"The march of centralization must be arrested.

"Government by boards and bureaucracies must cease".

Let us demand:

"The honest administration of government.

"The swift and sure punishment of all public plunderers, bribe-mongers and other malefactors.

"The equalization of the burden of taxation.

"The repeal of all laws creating special privileges.

"The dismissal of an army of spies, snappers, sneaks and informers.

"The liberation of honest business from oppressive interference by governmental agents.

"The prosecution and punishment of those who, by trusts, combinations and restraints of trade make war on

honest business and despoil the people".

"Let us advocate the American doctrine, which places the interests of our country and our people above that of any and all other countries or peoples; which tolerates no divided allegiance; which aims to make American citizens the freest, happiest and most prosperous people of earth and which rejects all policies calculated to imperil the rights or jeopardize the majesty and security of the United States.

was established to protect life, liberty and property", he said. Every citizen has the right, if able, to accumulate a fortune, and whether his fortune be great or small, to have for himself and to get equal protection of the law. The only qualifications are that he shall have acquired his wealth by honest and legal means, and that he shall not employ his wealth for oppressive or destructive purposes.

Denounces Monopolies

"That is to say, the high seas of commerce should be kept open for every vessel, big or small, but this necessarily implies that the great vessel shall not resort to piratical methods for the destruction of its lesser competitor. When such practices are adopted it is the right and duty of the government to interfere, because its interference is a protection to all property which is honestly administered.

"But while property has the right to claim the fullest protection of government, it has no right to control the government, nor to demand special advantages and peculiar privileges. This government was established for men and not for dollars".

Reed's speech may be divided into two sections. First, the principles for which Democrats should stand—their platform—and, second, a scorching attack upon the Harding-Coolidge administrations.

Under the caption "Republican Corruption" Reed said:

"On the 4th day of March, 1921, Warren G. Harding was inaugurated President of the United States.

"On that day corrupt and sinister financial conspiracies to all intents and purposes took possession of the government, and have ever since exercised a dominant control.

"That conspiracy placed Fall in charge of the Department of the interior. The President signed an illegal order turning the oil lands over to the tender mercies of Albert B. Fall. He (Fall) accepted its bribes, did its bidding and corruptly transferred to it the vast oil reserves of the republic.

Deceived High Officials

"The scaly hands of the conspirators reached into the Navy Department and corrupted or deceived certain of its high officers.

"The first act of Coolidge was to approve the policies of the Harding administration.

"A senatorial investigation exposed the infamous oil transactions. In its efforts to ascertain the fact and bring the criminals to book the Senate Committee received no assistance from the Coolidge administration.

"Harding appointed, and Coolidge continued at the head of the Department of Justice, Harry M. Daugherty—as vile an insect as ever crawled across the page of time.

"He consorted with criminals and took as his bedfellow a grafter and bribe-taker, who afterwards suicided. As Attorney General Daugherty paralyzed the Department of Justice so that its arm was not stretched forth to apprehend Fall and his fellow conspirators. Indeed, the secret code of the government was used by a White House employee to keep the malefactors advised.

"Whilst the Senate Committee under these adverse conditions was laboring to expose the oil land frauds Coolidge never lifted a hand. He remained as mum and inactive as a Boston oyster stranded on the beach in the month of August.

"The indignant demand of the Senate that the President should compel the resignation of Daugherty and Denby was contemptuously rejected by the President. He publicly stood in their defense and majestically asserted he would not permit his presidential prerogative to be impaired by a presumptuous Senate.

Daugherty Resigned

"In the face of overwhelming evidence Daugherty was retained until the blaze of public indignation grew so hot that Coolidge was obliged to back away from the fire. He then demanded Daugherty's resignation upon an insufficient and immaterial ground, and certified to the integrity of the arch villain Daugherty.

"All this occurred when every informed man knew of the gross frauds perpetrated upon the Government—frauds which have since been judicially declared by the Supreme Court of the United States".

Under the caption, "Mellon and Money", Reed said:

"Harding appointed, and Coolidge to this day retains Andrew W. Mellon as Secretary of the Treasury.

"When Mellon was appointed, the great financial interests no longer exercised a mere influence—they moved in and took possession of the fiscal operations of the government.

"Mellon's appointment was made in the teeth of section 243 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which has been a part of the substantive law of this country for 138 years.

That statute expressly declares:

"No person appointed to the office of Secretary of the Treasury shall directly or indirectly be concerned or

**Seed Wheat**

**Recleaned, Ready for Drill
in even weight two and one-half
bushel bags.**

Price On Application

**Same wheat treated for prevention
of smut**

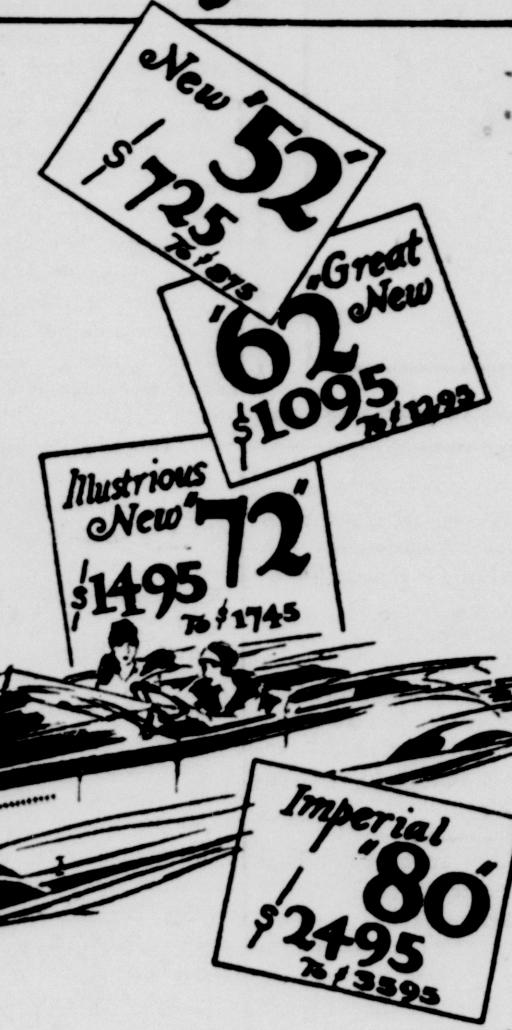
Price On Application

f. o. b. Sikeston

Scott County Milling Co.

CHRYSLER

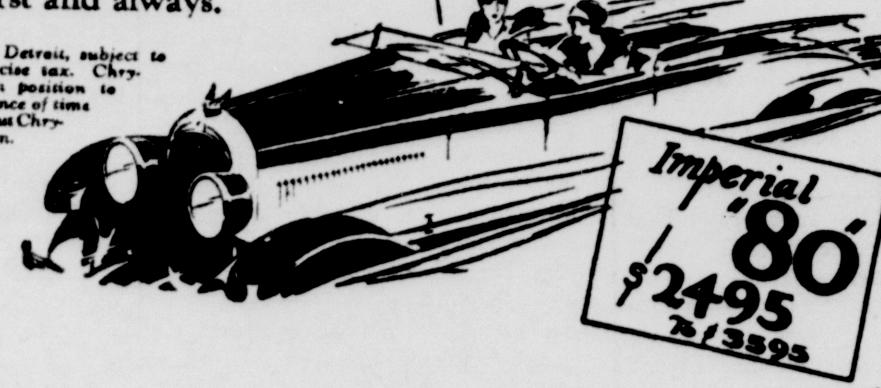
Offers a Price and Type for Every Need



Public confidence in Chrysler is based on the combination of excellence found in every Chrysler—whether New "52," Great New "62," Illustrous New "72" or Imperial "80"—and the knowledge that in performance, quality and value, each Chrysler is leader in its class.

Chrysler alone is able to hold this position because Chrysler alone builds products in four great markets on the basis of Standardized Quality—the expression of Chrysler determination to build for value first and always.

All prices f. o. b. Detroit, subject to current Federal excise tax. Chrysler dealers are in position to extend the convenience of time payment plan under Chrysler's attractive plan.



PHONE 2

HUNTER MOTOR COMPANY
White-Doroh Building

MOORE-HARRIS ABSTRACT CO.

Reliable Abstracting—Farm Loans—Low Interest Rate

BENTON, MO.

interested in carrying on the business of trade or commerce—or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public securities of any state, or of the United States".

Statute Disregarded

"A violation of the statute is declared to be a high misdemeanor, and is punishable by a fine of \$3000.

"The statute has been adhered to by former presidents.

"Grant desired to appoint Alexander T. Stewart, a great merchant. His attention was called to this statute. He was forced to acknowledge its authority. Not so with Coolidge.

"When Mellon was a director in sixty-eight great corporations, trusts and combinations engaged in every activity, from the control of aluminum to the manufacture of whisky, his banks and trust companies were handling public securities by the millions. His appointment was clearly illegal. From the hour he took office to this blessed day Mellon has manipulated or attempted to manipulate every power of the government in the interest of his financial confederates.

"He declared the revenues of the government were so low that a bonus could not be paid to the soldiers. He compelled Harding to retreat his campaign promise to the soldiers that a bonus would be promptly paid.

"Immediately thereafter, he advocated a reduction of \$90,000,000 per year on the surplus profits of the millionaire class. He preferred to serve his wealthy associates, even though to do so the soldiers who had fought for their country must be denied the pittance they sorely needed.

"It has been charged (and never denied, to my knowledge) that had Mellon's recommendation been accepted by Congress, it would have brought a reduction of \$90,000,000 per annum upon the income of Mellon and his companies.

Would Help Rich Only

"Under Mellon's scheme there was to be no substantial reduction on taxes on moderate incomes. The plan was twice defeated by a coalition of Democrats and insurgent Republicans in the Senate, but it was persisted in until Mellon substantially had his way.

"In all this Mellon had the backing of the administration and the standard element of the Republican party".

Reed bitterly assailed the foreign debt settlements, taking them up in their order. He said the great financial interests, notably the Morgan

group, had acquired \$13,000,000,000 of European securities bearing high rates of interest, and in order to make the payment of the interest and principal of these obligations more certain and expeditious, the Morgan interests "boldly demanded the cancellation of the debts due the government".

England refused to settle at that figure, and the administration recommended and insisted upon the cancellation of a part of the interest then due, and upon granting an extension of sixty-six years for final payment and the reduction of interest to 3 per

bonds.

England refused to settle at that figure, and the administration recommended and insisted upon the cancellation of a part of the interest then due, and upon granting an extension of sixty-six years for final payment and the reduction of interest to 3 per

(Continued on next to last page)

F astest and Finest of FOURS

A Brilliant New Line of Cars

America discovered the value of this brilliant new car with a swiftness only rivaled by the car itself.

Everything about it appeals to the mood of the hour.

Its amazing pick-up—from 0 to 25 miles thru gears in less than 7 seconds! Its effortless mastery of distance at a mile a minute! Its trim, streamline beauty—finished in the smartest colors.

The way it grips the road at sharp turns—cushions passengers over rough roads—travels in "high" up steep grades!

Its economy at the curb—17½ feet of parking space suffice! Its economy on the road—25 miles per gallon at 25 miles per hour!

4-DOOR SEDAN

\$875

P. O. B. Detroit
Full Factory Equipment

Never have Dodge Brothers sold a sedan so low in price—so high in value—so thoroughly in tune with the taste and spirit of the time.

And our purchase plan will interest you as much as the car itself.

PRIESTER MOTOR CO.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CARS

THE VICTORY OVER
OUR FRIENDLIEST FOE

By Hallie Carey

First Quarter

Sikeston kicked off to the Blue Jays, they returned the ball 10 yds. Charleston hit the line three times for a gain of 3 yds., they punted to the Bulldogs who returned the ball five yards. On the first play Sikeston was offside. Swain then made 5 yds. thru the line he tried again for no gain. Reed kicked far into Charleston's territory, and after three attempts with no gain Charleston kicked back losing ground on the return punt. Baker was called back and made 10 yds. around end. On the next play he repeats, making about 9 yds. gain. On the next play Sikeston was offside. Reed made 5 yds. on two plays, Baker was called back for a pass, but it was grounded. Sikeston fumbled and the Blue Jays recovered Brown took the ball and made 13 yds. Love then made about 12 yds., the Blue Jays made 5 through the line, an attempted pass was grounded. On the next play Love makes 9 yds. Charleston was penalized for offside. On two attempts they made 3 yards. On the next play Wallace of Sikeston kicked up a fumble, but was called back and the ball given to Charleston. Charleston then attempted a place kick, but it was no good and Sikeston got the ball on the 20-yd. line. Baker made 6 yds., on two plays, and Reed punted. Charleston tried the line twice for 2 yds. and an attempted pass was grounded and they punted. Marshall made 3 yds., Reed made 3 yds., Swain added a couple and Charleston was penalized 5 yds., Marshall added 6 yds. and Charleston was penalized again on the next play 5 yds. Reed made 4 yds. and Baker's pass was no good, as the quarter ended. Sikeston 0, Charleston 0.

Second Quarter

Baker passed again to Swain for 12 yds. Baker lost a yard and Swain made no gain. Swain lost 4 yds. and Sikeston punted. Charleston was held for only 1 yd. on three plays and Charleston punted and Couey returned about 30 yds. down the sideline, but he stepped out of bounds and he got only 15 yds. out of the run. Swain lost 3 yds. and Baker's pass was no good. Sikeston was penalized 5 yds., and Baker made up 5 yds. on the next play.

Sikeston kicked and Charleston returned 5 yds. and on three attempts Charleston lost 7 yds., they kicked. Baker passed to Swain for 7 yds., Baker made 14 yds., Couey made 2 yds., no gain on the next play and on the next play Baker went around end for 12 yds. and a touchdown and Reed made the extra point.

Sikeston 7, Charleston 0.

Sikeston kicked to Charleston and Charleston fumbled and the Bulldogs recovered. Baker made 2 yds., Marshall made 2 yds. and Couey made about 3 yds. Reed got a little gain and Swain added 8 yds., Reed added 1 more and on the next play Swain passed a Couey for 12 yds. and he stepped over for the second touchdown. Reed failed to make the extra point.

Score Sikeston 13, Charleston 0.

The Blue Jays kicked off to Sikeston, Couey returned 20 yds., Marshall made 3 yds., Reed added one and Swain added one and Reed punted. Charleston had the ball and the half ended.

Third Quarter

At the half Lancaster replaced Higgins at Guard. Charleston kicked to the Bulldogs and Reed returned about 4 yds., Marshall made 4 yds., Swain made 2 and Reed made 4 more. Couey caught a pass for 5 yds., Mar-

It's Here, Men! — The Year's Greatest
Neckband Shirt Sale

\$1.95



Three for \$5.75

Hundreds of New Patterns

\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 Qualities

All Sizes 14½ to 16½ Sleeves 33 to 35 inches

THE BUCKNER RAGSDALE CO.

Swain made 8 yds., he added 1 more Couey made 2 more. Reed punted and Charleston fumbled and Sikeston recovered. Swain made 2 yds., Reed added 2 more and Baker, went about 15 yds. for the third touchdown, Reed kicked goal.

Sikeston kicked again to Charleston. Charleston returning about 5 yds. Love made 10 yds. Then made 3 yds. on the next two plays. They punted. Reed made 2 yds. and on the fourth touchdown. He made the extra point. Score Sikeston 27, Charleston 0.

Crain replaced Couey at quarter and Aufdenburg went in for Charleston.

Fourth Quarter

Sikeston kicked and on three plays they only made one yd., Charleston kicked. Crane retruned 7 yds. Sikeston was penalized. Sikeston tried two passes and Charleston intercepted the second. Charleston opened a passing attack, but McDonald intercepted one and a Sikeston pass good for 15 yds. another was good for 10 yds. another was good for 32 yds., Reed made 4 more and on the next play they fumbled. Charleston recovered and kicked out of bounds. Baker tried for no gain and Sikeston was penalized 5 yds. for offside. A pass was good for 5 yds., and another was no good. Sikeston kicked. A pass was good for 5 yds., two more incomplete passes and Charleston was penalized. Charleston kicked. Marshall returned 5 yds. Two incomplete passes and Sikeston was penalized 5 yds. Malden, October 15.—Hampered by

the line-up for Sikeston was: Wallace and Baker, ends; Robinson and Miller, tackles; Sutton and Higgins, guards; McDohald, center; Reed

and Marshall, halfbacks; Swain, fullback; Couey, quarterback.

Sikeston on line plunges carried the ball 55 times for a total of 220 yds., or an average of 4 yds. Charleston on line plunges handled the ball 32 times for a total of 72 yds. or average of 2.2 yds. Sikeston completed 10-17 passes for 12 yds. Charleston completed 2-10 passes for 15 yds. Sikeston total yardage, 347 yds., Charleston, 87 yds.

NOTES BY THE EDITOR

Two medium drunk Charleston men not boys—was fairly offensive to some of the Sikeston fair ones by their familiarity. A wet elm club should be applied to such vermin on such an occasion.

It was noticed that all the girls strung out down the wire while the men lined up 20 feet to the rear. On looking at the sky-line, so to speak, the reason was in evidence—a handsome showing of silk hose. Simon Loebe looked after the Charleston side of the field.

On the side line one girl approached another. They touched foreheads, then noses, then out shot a tongue with a wad of chewing gum on it, which was transferred to the mouth of the other girl without a bit of lost motion. Some marveled at the sight, others gagged.

OTHER GAMES

Dexter, October 15.—Jackson High

school footballers playing here Friday, defeated the Dexter High School 12-7, in a hard tussle. The game was an aerial contest, each team passing most of the time. About two-thirds of Jackson's plays were passes, a large number of which were completed for gains. Dexter scored its only touchdown as the result of four successive passes. Both line were strong and backs were able to gain little on plunges.

Jackson scored both touchdowns in the first quarter, once when Browning picked up a Dexter fumble and ran 10 yards for a touchdown. The other when Jackson blocked a kick and fell on the ball back of the goal line.

Morley, October 15.—Morley High School defeated Diehlstadt High on the latter's gridiron Friday afternoon, 25 to 0. Touchdowns were made in the first, second and fourth quarters, two being added in the last period.

The principal feature of the game was the 75-yard run for a touchdown by Columbus Miller, who took the ball on fumble. Columbus is a brother of John Miller, former Will Mayfield gridster who is playing with Murray-Kentucky Teachers this year. A third Miller boy, Charles, is captain of the Morley team.

Puxico, October 15.—The strong Illmo High School football team defeated the Puxico team here Friday afternoon, 51 to 0. The visitors used a varied attack, ranging from line backs to forward passes, to pile up a big score.

The Illmo team went to Bloomfield

from here to play that team today.

Sale of neck band shirts at \$1.95 Manhattan, Emory Ide and other good makes. See our window. Values to \$4.50.—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

CARUTHERSVILLE BEATS
SIKESTON 5-4 SUNDAY

Caruthersville, October 16.—Caruthersville defeated Sikeston, winners of the Southeast Missouri League championship this afternoon, 5 to 4, in 10 innings, at Fair Park, in a game in which fielding and mental errors played a big part.

Sikeston scored first in the third, when Poirer, pitcher, playing right field, misjudged a long fly which went for a double. Caruthersville scored four in the fourth inning on four hits and an error.

Lefty Fuhr, with a Caruthersville man on second and third, let Hassler get to first while he was holding his easy tap to the pitcher's box, four runs scoring before he settled down. Sikeston tied the score in the eighth on two hits and a stolen base.

The game was decided in the last of the tenth when Wid Matthews, former Athletic star, scored on Caldwell's hit through the infield.

Patterson started for Caruthersville, but in the eighth with the score tied, gave way to Dunnehan, who finished the game.

Lefty Fuhr, of the Nashville Southern League Club, pitched the entire game for Sikeston, allowing nine hits and getting seven strike-outs.

This is the first of a three-game series, the next game being played at Sikeston Sunday.

| | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|
| R | H | E | |
| Sikeston | 4 | 9 | 2 |
| Caruthersville | 5 | 9 | 3 |

Fuhr and Thomas; Patterson, Dunnehan and Minnitree.

SHOWER GIVEN FOR MRS.

STURGENBERGER, FRIDAY

On Friday evening, fourteen ladies of the Catholic church surprised Mrs. P. Sturgenberger with a handkerchief shower at their home on North New Madrid street. Mr. and Mrs. Sturgenberger left Sunday morning for Flora, Ill., where Mr. Sturgenberger has been transferred from the Interna-Shoe Factory at Sikeston.

Mr. Sturgenberger was maintenance engineer at the shoe factory and the position he takes at Flora is the same with an increase in salary.

The Sturgenbergers have made many friends during their stay of three years in Sikeston, who regret to lose them as they were especially active in church work.

The force at the shoe factory presented Mr. Sturgenberger with a charger for his radio battery, which was highly appreciated.

Mrs. T. C. McClure left to visit with friends in Kansas City.

Manhattan, Emory Ide neck band shirt sale all at one price, \$1.95. Values to \$4.50.—Buckner-Ragsdale Store Company.

Don't forget the chicken dinner and supper served by the Catholic ladies, Wednesday, October 19, at the White-Dorror Building on Center Street.

A card from Mrs. T. A. Slack states that Bus is getting along fine from the operation for appendicitis, that he has no fever and is eating a little. All friends and acquaintances will be glad to hear this good news. If he continues to improve it is likely he will be able to come home the first of the coming week.

Miss Evelyn Sutton has opened an office in the Chamber of Commerce room as public stenographer and will be glad to assist those in need of her services. She is an experienced and accurate stenographer and is filling a long felt want in Sikeston as it has been some time since a public stenographer was to be had. She will probably secure a license as a notary public at a later date.

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT FOR THE
NEW CHEVROLET

You can buy one right now and get the benefit of its use during the ideal Fall weather. Don't "WAIT" indefinitely when you can buy the finest little car the world offers. Don't deprive yourself of the pleasures of motoring during the fall season. No matter what you are waiting for, you'll find no snappier models or a better price than in the IMPROVED CHEVROLET.

White-Dorror
Building

SUPERIOR CHEVROLET COMPANY

Sikeston
Missouri

**WASHABLE MATERIALS STYLED
WITH FLATTERING NICETY**



COTTON materials and washable fabrics are "showing off" this season. What's more, in their movement to "enter society" they are being sponsored by no less a personage than Dame Fashion herself. So from now on we may expect to witness cotton weaves of every sort present at country club affairs, afternoon functions and other events of the elite.

It is a fact, cotton weaves are gaining in style prestige with every tick of the clock. The fashionable wardrobe is now expected to number among its choicest belongings, frocks of gingham, of rayon, organdie and voile. Furthermore, these washable fabrics are expected to be made up with all the flattering niceties accorded the more formal materials.

One shows knowledge of fashion's trend by attending the summer-day informal bridge party clad in a gingham styled to perfection. Of course one's dressmaker must be taken into confidence and urged to play her imagination up to the limit when it comes to designing frocks of washable materials, which are to compete side-by-side with pretentious silks.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.
(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union)

a real
5 Cent
cigar
is back
in
town



Peter Hauptmann Tobacco Co.
St. Louis, Mo.

ROCKY FORD

RADIO

Overhaul Set for Summer-Time Duty

Outfit Must Be Gone Over and Put in Order for Best Reception.

Just as the family car must be prepared for the winter driving season by undergoing a thorough overhauling, so must the family radio set be groomed for summer-time use. In either event the preparations are simple enough, and should not stand in the way of enjoying to the utmost both these one-time hobbies which have now become such everyday necessities in American family life.

It is useless to claim that summer time is as favorable to radio reception as the cool and cold weather of late fall, winter, and early spring. It is not—and we all know it. Yet the situation is no different from that of the automobile: winter time is not as conducive to motorizing comfort as the three other seasons, yet most car owners today drive all year round. So in radio, many things have been done during the past few summers to ameliorate unfavorable conditions in warm weather radio reception. Transmitting power has been enormously increased. Net-work station operation has placed the best programs in most parts of the country with the loudspeaker volume of local stations. Receiving equipment has been developed with an eye—or shall we say an ear?—to lessening the static effect while increasing the apparent signal strength. In all, remarkable advances have been scored against summer-time obstacles. A large field for improvement still lies in the homes of the set owner. With this in mind, a few suggestions are offered in the hope that they will be helpful to the radio enthusiast in getting the maximum enjoyment from his receiving set during the summer months.

Powerful Signals—A Prerequisite.
Satisfactory radio reception depends primarily upon what radio engineers call the signal-static ratio. In other words, static is present in varying degree to the signal strength from the broadcasting station. With warm weather, particularly in humid, uncomfortable weather that presages the thunderstorm, the static level rises and becomes evident as a raspy background to broadcast music or speech. Fortunately, however, it is very rare that the static is sufficiently powerful to interfere with the signals of present-day broadcasting stations within their service range.

It is obvious, then, that the signal strength must be of sufficient strength to override static interference by a fair margin. Broadcasters have long recognized this fact. Transmitting power has been steadily increased from the early days, when a 500-watt rating was considered ample for broadcasting over a wide area. Today, the 500-watt rating is recognized only for purely local service, with a limited service range throughout the year. Many times that power must and is being employed in summer time for a service range of about 100 miles and over, reaching out into the rural districts. What is more, the rapid development of network broadcasting, making the best programs available in many parts of the country through local broadcasting stations, has had the greatest influence on popularizing summer-time radio not only by providing sufficiently powerful signals, but also in maintaining the highest quality of entertainment.

The first essential in summer time radio, then, is to tune in the most powerful signals available when conditions are least favorable.

Changing the Antenna.

Given a sufficient ratio between signal and static levels, the radio listener can reduce the undesirable background by being satisfied with smaller volume from his loud speaker.

Another effective method is to employ a smaller antenna. The antenna, normally 60 to 100 feet in length, may be cut down to 30 or 40 feet with sufficient pickup to intercept powerful local signals during the summer months. Or an outdoor antenna may be substituted, consisting of 20 or 30 feet of wire stretched about the room behind the picture molding, or otherwise placed about the house. A small fixed condenser of .0005 mfd. capacity, should be placed between the antenna and the ground binding posts of the receiver, to compensate for the reduced wavelength of the antenna, without material change in the dial settings of the receiver.

Interesting experiments may be performed with underground antennas, which are less subject to static pickup. Ordinary No. 14 rubber-covered wire, such as is used for exposed wiring, may be buried several feet deep in a straight trench, and then covered over, with the end brought to the antenna binding post. Sometimes the ordinary gas pipe of the home will serve as a satisfactory summer time antenna. In the early days of radio communication, two ground connections made at different depths underground so as to tap two different strata, were employed with fair results. The loop-operated receiver provides an ideal means of favoring signal as against static interference, be-

cause of its sensitive directional pickup, enabling the operator to swing away from undesirable noises.

Advantage of Less Volume.

Aside from altering the receiving conditions, the volume of the loudspeaker rendition may be lowered so as to make the static background less conspicuous. In fact, most listeners do employ too much volume, and this is especially true in summer-time reception. The average radio receiver has a satisfactory volume control that may be employed in reducing the loudspeaker volume to the desired degree, to drop out the static background. If the receiver is not provided with a volume control, then a variable high resistance of at least 0 to 250,000 ohm range may be connected across the secondary of the first audio transformer as an effective and nondistorting volume control. Turning the filaments of the receiver up or down does not constitute an efficient volume control. It should be noted that filaments must be operated at the proper voltage at all times, irrespective of the volume desired. Dimmed filaments may result in severe distortion, while excessively lighted filaments lead to greatly shortened life of tubes.

Loud Speaker Amid New Scenery.

Distance never fails to add realism and maximum enchantment. If we may take this hint with our summer-time radio, do not fail to experiment in loud speaker placement. The loud speaker should be tried out in different rooms, with the listeners sitting at various distances. A marked improvement will be noted when the distance between loud speaker and listeners is increased. Or, if weather permits, the loud speaker may be brought outdoors, on the porch or even placed on the lawn of the country home. There is a positive thrill of freshness which never fails to arouse even the most blasé radio listener-in when the radio is brought outdoors for the first time.

Among the radio listener's summer-time equipment, then, should be an extension cord or at least some wire whereby the loud speaker may be moved about the home and brought outdoors if possible. Of course, the purpose of the outdoor rendition is for the enjoyment of the immediate family and guests. The volume should be just sufficient for proper enjoyment, and at no time should it be so loud as to disturb the entire neighborhood, for that is not the purpose of radio entertainment.

Should "Hit on All Six."

These suggestions will help greatly, but it is taken for granted that the receiver is in good operating order.

First of all, the batteries, if the receiver operates on this form of power supply, should be checked over. It is well to remember that dry batteries dry out quicker in summer than in winter, and if the batteries have already been in use for many months, the warm weather of summer may soon exhaust them. Start out with a complete set of fresh dry batteries.

In the case of the socket-power receiver, the rectifier tubes should receive attention. In time these rectifier tubes become exhausted, irrespective of type. The best test is to have a fresh rectifier tube on hand. When there is a marked difference in reception between the old and the new tube, then it is time to change rectifier tubes.

The other vacuum tubes of the receiver should also be checked over, again using one or more fresh radiotrons as the basis of comparison. Nothing will improve results quicker than fresh radiotrons in all the sockets. However, it is usually possible to switch the same tubes from the audio-frequency sockets to the radio-frequency sockets for longer life, while placing the fresh radiotrons in the detector and audio-frequency sockets where good tubes are most important. The power tube should also be checked with another power tube of the same type.

Finally, the receiver should be thoroughly cleaned and tightened up. The condenser plates may be dusted carefully with an ordinary pipe-stem cleaner. The other parts should be brushed clean with a soft brush. The binding posts and screw terminals should be tightened. Wire connections should be tested to make sure they really connect.

With our receiver in proper shape and "hitting on all six," with the air lanes paved for the best of programs, and with operating skill in keeping with the conditions of summer time radio, you are now prepared to enjoy what the broadcasters have in store.

High Plate Current Is

No Proof of Good Tube

A writer in Radio Broadcast Magazine tells of purchasing a tube in a New York radio store: "This is an exceptionally good tube. It gives nearly twice its rated plate-current reading," was the salesman's advice. To the initiated, the fallacy of this statement is evident.

"An excessively high plate-current reading is as undesirable as a low reading," says the Radio Broadcast article. "A tube should give its rated plate current. An excessively high plate current may indicate an exceedingly active filament, liberating electrons profusely or, more likely, it indicates a low plate impedance, which would cause even a most stable radio-frequency amplifier to oscillate; in an audio-frequency amplifier, it may cause exaggerated resonance points in transformers and loud speakers. A tube showing low emission may be improved by the ordinary reactivation process, but nothing can be done to make a tube giving excessive plate current entirely satisfactory."

120,000

PONTIAC SIXES IN NINE MONTHS

~43,000 more than were produced in all of 1926, when this brilliant General Motors product set a world record for a new make of car!

—an amazing record, first because of its sheer magnitude; and second because it has been made during the most competitive year in automotive history!

—proof that the whole world acknowledges the superiorities of Fisher bodies in styling, comfort and construction; proof that the

whole world is learning how Pontiac smoothness, power and silence cannot be duplicated in its price field.

Come in! See today's Pontiac Six! Learn how little it really costs to own a high quality six—the six whose volume supremacy is proved by spectacular popularity.

HALTER'S GARAGE

The New and Finer
PONTIAC SIX

New lower prices on all
body types
(Effective July 1st)

\$745
2 DOOR SEDAN

Landau Sedan - - \$845
De Luxe Landau Sedan \$925
The New Oakland All-American Six, \$1045 to \$1265. All prices at factory. Delivered prices include minimum handling charges. Easy to pay on the General Motors Time Payment Plans.



Red Beard, First Great Pirate

PIRACY is as old as history. The first savage man who hollowed out a log with fire and paddled around in this precarious craft probably fell a victim to the first act of piracy when he met another savage travelling on a log on which he had spent no labor.

From time immemorial the Mediterranean sea was ravaged by pirate fleets which made Asia Minor and the Islands near their headquarters, from which they dashed out for raids on the ships of Rome. There is the story of the pirates who captured the young Julius Caesar and held him for ransom for six weeks during which time the future consul lived on excellent terms with his captors. He told them that he would one day crucify them all, whereas they roared with laughter at this ploy. But it was also a matter of record that he kept his word.

Piracy in the Mediterranean continued long after Rome had fallen, and early in the Sixteenth century it gave to history the first outstanding pirate leader, the famous Barbarossa or "Red Beard." Red Beard's real name was Urrij, and he was the son of a Turkish renegade and a Christian mother. He was born on the Island of Lesbos in the Aegean sea, a stronghold of the Mediterranean pirates, among whom he rose to accepted leadership.

But feeling the need for a more convenient base from which to conduct his operations, in 1504 Red Beard established his headquarters at Tunis and became the first of the Barbary corsairs whose raids went unchecked until some youthful commanders of the United States navy taught them proper respect for the freedom of the seas.

Red Beard had a convenient arrangement with the sultan of Tunis whereby that eminent ruler was to be given one-fifth of all the booty he took in return for royal approval and protection when it was needed. One of his first exploits was the capture of two galleys belonging to Pope Julius II, which had sailed from Genoa, and the richness of the loot from this expedition showed the sultan that he had made no mistake in agreeing to the partnership.

The next year the pirate chieftain showed his daring by capturing a Spanish ship with 500 soldiers on board, and in 1512 the Moors invited him to join them in their never-ending war on Spain. They attempted to take the town and port of Bujaya, but after eight days' fighting, during which Red lost an arm, the attack failed.

Although Barbarossa became rich and powerful after he had captured the town of Algiers, where he set himself up as sultan, his embroilment with Spain proved his undoing. Charles V sent an army of 10,000 men to Algiers, defeated and killed the corsair.

(© 1926, Western Newspaper Union.)



FRANCIS LUCAS, Big Missouri Tackle.

The largest player on Missouri's team and one of the heaviest in the middle west is Francis Lucas from St. Joseph, Mo. He weighs 230 pounds, but one would not realize it to see him move. Coach Henry believes that "Luke" should be an All Valley selection this season.

J. Goldstein
New and Used Furniture
Matthews bldg. Malone Ave.
SIKESTON, MO.

Only Buick has an engine
Vibrationless beyond belief



BUICK'S remarkable freedom from vibration is due primarily to three vitally important factors.

First—the inherent smoothness of the Buick Valve-in-Head six-cylinder engine. *Second*—rubber engine mountings, front and rear. *And third*—the scientific and almost perfect balance of the entire Buick crankshaft assembly.

Only Buick enjoys these advantages. And only Buick provides the silken performance—the unvarying smoothness at all speeds—the longer life and greater serviceability of an engine vibrationless beyond belief.

Sedans \$1195 to \$1995 Coupes \$1195 to \$1850

Sport Models \$1195 to \$1525

All prices f.o.b. Flint, Mich., government tax to be added. The G.M.A.C. financing plan, the most desirable, is available.

BUICK for 1928

Phone 433

Taylor Auto Co.

Buick—LaSalle—Cadillac

When better automobiles are built, Buick will build them

Nations aren't likely to beat their swords into plowshares while beating their rivals into oil-fields.—Atlanta Tribune.

REED GIVES PLATFORM IN RACE FOR PRESIDENT

(Continued from second page) cent for the first ten years and 3½ per cent interest thereafter. For the money so loaned the United States pays 4½ per cent.

"The annual differences in the rate of interest paid by the United States on the moneys it loaned to England and the interest paid by England is \$25,747,000 per annum.

U. S. Loses \$22,000,000,000

"A skilled accountant certified that the difference in interest compounded

throughout the sixty-six years amounts to more than \$22,000,000,000.

"This unjust settlement was forced through the Congress by the direct action of Mellon and the President, backed by a standpat organization efficiently supported by a skilled financial lobby.

"Then came the Dictator of Italy, demanding a greater reduction. Again the financial interests referred to took sides against their own government and their own people, and in favor of the Italian Government and the bonds held by them.

"The Italian debt was settled at less than 21 cents on the dollar.

"By this transaction the Italian

Government escaped the payment of \$1,612,000,000. That great burden was thus shifted from the shoulders of the people of Italy to the taxpayers of America.

"Mellon and his coadjutors are offering to settle with France at approximately 50 cents on the dollar. The scheme, if successful, will transfer from the taxpayers of France a burden of over \$4,000,000,000 (interest and principal) and place that load upon the shoulders of the American people.

"The transaction has not been consummated because of opposition in the Senate, and further because the French Government (encouraged by the attitude of the American President, plus the advocacy of their cause by Mellon and the financial interests) has refused to agree to pay even 50 per cent.

"I omit from consideration the smaller countries, where settlements wholly indefensible have been made.

Burden Put on U. S.

"If the French transaction is completed, there will have been planned upon the back of the American people an aggregate burden of \$10,705,000,000, which by every principle of justice ought to be borne by European nations. And this large amount does not include compound interest.

"The annual interest charge which must be paid by our taxpayers for the money on that part of the debt thus transferred from European countries to America is \$106,617,000.

"It will perhaps be fifty years before we are able to wipe out all of our national debt.

"During that period, this great burden of interest must be carried by the American taxpayers.

"The whole attitude of our government has been one of vacillation and cowardice.

"I repeat again: 'What we need is an American policy! What we need is an American administration that thinks only in the terms of America and labor for the interest of our own people.'

"An administration guilty of such transactions as I have described ought to be driven from power and buried in the grave of shame".

Taking up the tariff, Reed asserted, "the protected interests swarmed upon Washington as the locusts swarmed upon Egypt", after Harding was inaugurated.

He said they boldly asserted: "We won the election, and we are entitled to the rewards".

"They asserted that they desired to retain the then high war prices and that the government should make

Trusts Backed Harding

"In truth, their money and influence had largely brought about the election of Mr. Harding. Their insolent demands, therefore, fell upon receptive ears.

"From the first they had the backing of Mr. Mellon and of the President. Their orders were obeyed to the letter. Tariff rates were raised to a point never before demanded. And this was done for the express purpose of holding the price of American manufactured products at the war level.

"This infamy was consummated at a time when the American farmers whose prices had been regulated down by the government during the entire war was compelled to sell his surplus upon the bankrupt markets of Europe, and the price of the surplus, of course, fixed the level of the domestic market.

"Thus, from that day to this, the farmer has been compelled to pay an unnatural and unjust price for everything he purchases and to sell in a market where he is not permitted to buy.

"Yet, this wretched crowd of conspirators had and have the temerity to claim that they were and are the friends of the farmer".

Reed said virtually "the same crowd that four years ago hypocritically pretended that they would receive the farmers by putting a tariff upon farm products now come forward backing a scheme which proposes to confer upon thirteen men sitting in Washington the right to levy a forced tribute upon every bushel of wheat, pound of corn or beef raised by the American farmer and to use the tribute thus exacted in an attempt to corner the market and raise the price of foodstuffs to the American people".

Attacks McNary-Haugen Bill

This was regarded as an attack upon the McNary-Haugen bill, which Reed fought in the Senate and voted against at the last session and against which he has spoken several times since.

"The scheme is offered as an antidote or offset for tariff exactions", he said. "It resembles the prescription of the insane surgeon who would propose to cure an existing cancer by grafting another into the flesh of the victim. The thing to do is to cut out the tariff cancer and give the patient a chance to recover."

"But the important consideration in the minds of some of these gentlemen is that tariff robbery must be perpetuated; that every special grant of privi-

lege to plunder the American people shall be continued".

Reed charged more than \$4,000,000,000 worth of goods manufactured in the United States last year were sold in open competition in foreign markets at a price "from 25 to 50 per cent less than the prices exacted from the American people".

"It is unanswerable that if the American manufacturers can sell abroad they need no tariff at home, and that every dollar exacted by them from the American people in excess of the prices charged abroad is robbery perpetrated behind the tariff wall" he said.

Reed assailed form Governor Lowden of Illinois during his discussion of Republican campaign funds and "corrupt elections".

Assails Lowden

He said, "it was one of their burning and shining lights—Lowden of Illinois, son-in-law of the Pullman Company, now 'the farmers' friend and defender of the oppressed', who put up \$38,500 to control the Missouri delegation to the Republican National Convention".

This was a reference to the campaign fund expended for Lowden in 1920 in Missouri, which resulted in a political scandal.

Linking up campaign contributors to the G. O. P. funds with special privilege under the tariff, Reed had this to say:

"These interests regard campaign contributions as mere option purchases of the government.

"They are willing to advance large sums of money in the certain expectation that they will collect a hundredfold when they have gained control of the government. Accordingly,

for years they have pursued the same policies.

"It was Matt Quay, who, as chairman of the Republican National Committee, declared he proposed to 'fry the fat out of the protected manufacturers'.

"It was Dudley, secretary of the Republican National Committee, who gathered an immense corruption fund and directed that 'floats' be gathered, organized and voted in 'blocks of five' in doubtful states.

"It was Mark Hanna who levied a tribute upon the protected interests so great that the money could not be economically expended. He literally flooded the election precincts with gold. He bulldozed and coerced where he could not purchase.

Wanted \$15,000,000 Fund

"It was the Republican National Committee that sought in the Hardings campaign to raise a fund of from

"It was three or four prominent managers of that party who gathered in a room with King of Connecticut (recently a suicide to escape the bar of justice) and agreed to put up an unconscionable preconvention fund for Gen. Wood.

"It was Mellon who left the President's Cabinet to declare publicly in the State of Pennsylvania that the President desired the renomination of George Wharton Pepper to the United States Senate.

"It was Mellon who, with his brother and nephew, organized the scheme to raise \$2,000,000 to corruptly secure the renomination of Senator Pepper.

"It was Mellon, his brother and nephew who made initial contributions of \$75,000 to that fund.

"It was that group of patriots who perfected the organization which collected nearly \$400,000 from a single Pennsylvania manufacturer, who testified he expected to 'get it all back, but did not know just who from, and which caused high sums of money to be toted about the State of Pennsylvania at night in handbags and satchels.

"It was that same group which hired from 35,000 to 50,000 alleged 'watchers' in the City of Pittsburgh at \$10 a head. Clearly, the purpose

was to purchase the votes of these miserable wretches.

Mellon Aiding Vare

"It was Mellon's group that declared that Vare was wholly unfit for public office and that his election to the Senate would be a public calamity; but when Vare, by a combination of booze issues and ballot manipulations, won the nomination immediately consorted with Vare and organized to consummate the infamy by sending him to the United States Senate.

"It was this same Andrew W. Mellon who, as a member of the Cabinet and almost from the steps of the White House, declared that the contributions made and the moneys expended were justifiable as subscriptions to the Church of Almighty God.

The sanctimonious function with which this blasphemy was uttered ought to arouse the jealous rage of all hypocrites and betrayers who have cursed the earth from the days of Judas Iscariot to 'Boss' Tweed, and from 'Boss' Tweed to Albert B. Fall.

Trusts Multiply

"How stands the case?

"Trusts multiply, and the President does not 'choose' to interfere.

"Monopoly grows fat, and the President does not 'choose' to act.

"Combinations are formed and arrogantly pursue their methods under the protection of the government, and the President 'chooses' to approve.

"Commissions are packed by interested parties and their attorneys, so that instead of being guardians of the public they have become instruments of oppression and wrong, and the President 'chooses' to do the packing.

Tariff Commission "Packed"

"The Tariff Commission was so packed. A majority of honest men were prepared to report that the tariff on sugar ought to be reduced. The report was suppressed. The commission was packed by placing upon it a man whose family was financially interested in the sugar business.

"The coal producers of West Virginia and Kentucky were supplying a large region naturally contiguous to their mines.

"This did not suit the great Pennsylvania coal barons. They sought to have the railroad tariff raised upon Kentucky and West Virginia coal. The railroads protested, insisting that the rates were sufficiently high. The contest was carried through the Interstate Commerce Commission. That body was understood to be opposed to any change.

Terms Expiring

"The terms of one of the commissioners so holding was about to expire."Candidly, he was interested in the Pennsylvania coal companies. The Senate rejected his name. But the Pennsylvania coal producers did not cease their battle, and notwithstanding the action of the Senate worked their will upon the commission.

"The Interstate Commerce Commission has very recently arbitrarily commanded the railroads to raise their rates on Pennsylvania and West Virginia coal.

"This the commission has done against the protests of the railroads.

"The decision is of sinister import. It proposes to annul natural advantages of location. Its effect is to increase the price of coal to millions of people.

"The decision is the last word in governmental favoritism; it is the high point of bureaucratic misrule, and can only be described as infamous".

Reed said about lobbyists:

"One of the first acts of the Wilson administration was to drive the organized lobby from the capital.

"The first act of the Harding administration was to welcome its return. There it has ever since, in serene confidence, held undisturbed possession.

Lobbyists maintain their offices in Washington, advertise their influence as merchants display their wares.

Open Lobbying

"They exchange information and swap influence.

"The intrigue, spy, cajole and flatter.

"They organize propaganda to deceive members of Congress and to mislead the people.

"They have as little right to hibernate in the capital of the nation as the money changers had to crowd the temple.

"And as the money changers were lashed from the temple, so should those who make a trade of lobbying and a profession of intrigue be driven from the capital of the nation.

"In all the long years of the Coolidge regime, not a single great trust has been dissolved by operation of law—not a single effective blow struck in favor of the liberation of the commerce of the nation from the control of those who have conspired in the teeth of the statutes of the land. Mr. Coolidge does not 'choose' to act.

"And so, I say again: 'The times are ripe, and rotten ripe for a change'."

Mountain View—W. M. Wicks proposes to build new telephone system here in near future.



**"How best
can I trade in
my present car
for a new car?"**

WHEN you are ready to trade in your present car for a new car, you naturally want full value for your present car. But most of all you want **full new car value**.

It will therefore pay you to consider varying trade-in allowance offers in the light of these basic facts:

1 Your present car has only one fundamental basis of value: i.e., what the dealer who accepts it in trade can get for it in the used car market.

2 Your present car has seemingly different values because competitive dealers are bidding to sell you a new car.

3 The largest allowance offered is not necessarily the best deal for you. Sometimes it is; sometimes it is not.

4 An excessive amount may mean that you are paying an excessive price for the new car in comparison with its real value.

5 First judge the merits of the new car in comparison with its price, including all delivery and finance charges. Then weigh any difference in allowance offered on your present car.

6 Remember that you are making a purchase—not a sale. You are buying a new car and simply using your present car as a credit against the new car's purchase price.

WE publish this message, believing that the public is entitled to have all the facts. And we invite you to send for the facts about General Motors products by using the coupon below.

GENERAL MOTORS

CLIP THE COUPON

GENERAL MOTORS (Dept. A), Detroit, Mich.

| | | |
|------------|--------------------------|---|
| CHEVROLET | <input type="checkbox"/> | Please send, without obligation to me, illustrated literature describing the General Motors product |
| PONTIAC | <input type="checkbox"/> | I have checked—together with your booklet describing General Motors Proving Ground. |
| OLDSMOBILE | <input type="checkbox"/> | Name _____ |
| OAKLAND | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| BUICK | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| LASALLE | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |
| CADILLAC | <input type="checkbox"/> | Address _____ |

FRIGIDAIRE Electric Refrigerator DELCO-LIGHT Electric Plants

**Phone 502 For
COAL**

Energy Coal Company

GWINN HENRY, Missouri Coach
Gwinn Henry has earned himself a unique niche in the hearts of the students at the University of Missouri. He has given them Missouri Valley championship teams in 1924 and 1925, one which ran second in 1923, and a 1926 team which lost but one game during the entire season. His teams have whipped Chicago, West Virginia, played tie games with S. M. U. and Tulane, and gained a national prominence that surpasses any ever had by Tiger teams. During his years at Missouri only five football games have been turned in on the loss side of the ledger.

Mountain View—W. M. Wicks proposes to build new telephone system here in near future.



BERT CLARK, Missouri Quarter-back.

When little Bert Clark returned a punt through the whole Nebraska football team last fall for the winning score of the game he simply lived up to his reputation as the most elusive ball lugger in the Missouri Valley. On the receiving end of the famous "Stubber to Clark" forward pass combination he gained more ground than any other player on the Missouri team. This season he is running the team from the quarterback position, and his teammates expect his prowess to bring him national recognition. His home is at Chillicothe Mo.

WORLD'S FIFTEEN DECISIVE BATTLES

Creasy, the historian of warfare, selected as the 'Fifteen Decisive Battles of the World' the following:

1. Marathon, at which, on September 28, 490 B. C., 11,000 Greeks defeated a Persian force numbering more than 110,000 men. 2. Syracuse, 419 B. C., when the besieged Syracusans turned upon the invading Athenians and almost completely destroyed their forces. 3. Arbela, the battle between Alexander the Great and Darius Codomannus which decided the fate of the Persians; October 1, 331 B. C. 4. Metaurus, at which Hasdrubal, the brother of Hannibal, was defeated and slain by the Roman army.

Be they ever so humble, there's no body stays home.—Publishers Syndicate.

The prediction that everybody will soon learn to fly appears to offer the one ray of hope for the jay-walker.—Manchester Union.



CLEANLINESS

is always paramount with us—that is why local people, traveling men and tourists

ALWAYS PREFER TO DINE WITH US

Our place not only looks clean in front—but is kept spotless from front door to back.

Phone 291

Japanese Tea Room

MERCHANTS LUNCH 11:30 to 1:30, 50c

REDUCED FARES SAINT LOUIS

Veiled Prophet's Parade and Ball---October 19-21

Reduced fare tickets available October 18 to 21 inclusive. Good returning to reach starting point by October 22. Plan your visit to St. Louis during its gayest season.



"A Service Institution"

Secure Tickets and further information from local Missouri Pacific representative.

ROBERT W. OTTO TO ENTER CONTEST FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Jefferson City, October 14.—Robert W. Otto of Jefferson City, the Baker administration's choice for the Republican gubernatorial nomination in 1928, will announce his candidacy in the next few days, it was learned this afternoon, as a consequence of the announcement of former Congressman Cleveland A. Newton of St. Louis that he would not seek the place.

Otto has made no public announcement of his plans, but has told friends he would be a candidate. This was confirmed by a statement from Gov. Baker that Otto "will announce". Some of the Baker appointees have been making a tour of the State to sound the sentiment for Otto. It is known that some of the reactions were not favorable to Otto's candidacy, but the administration apparently has decided to force the issue and put Otto into the field early. Otto was in St. Louis earlier this week consulting Republican organization leaders.

That Otto will have opposition for the nomination is beyond question. Otto has been the closest confidant of the Governor, with the exception of Dr. Cortez F. Enloe, whose record as director of penal institutions was severely criticized by an investigating committee of the State Senate, and whose recent resignation from the penal board came as a result of the prison investigation.

Some of the Republican leaders have been averse to entering a campaign of explanation of the administration record, including the Board of Health, penitentiary and eleemosynary institution scandals and have been seeking as candidate an outstanding man not identified directly with the administration.

Otto will have the support of the Baker administration and a rather large personal following, but it is doubtful if the full force of the appointive departments can be thrown to him.

An outgoing Governor in the last day of his administration has a waning power under such circumstances. Job holders in the past have not hesitated to give at least partial support to a candidate other than the administration choice, if they think he can win.

Former Supreme Judge Otto who will be 34 years old December 25, has had an unusual political career. Formerly an assistant Attorney-General, he was nominated and elected Attorney-General in November, 1924. He was appointed from Gov. Baker to serve out the unexpired term of Supreme Judge Arch M. Woodson, Democrat, who died in November, 1925.

He gained the nomination to succeed himself as supreme judge without opposition in the primary election in 1926. He was defeated by Ernst S. Gantt, Democrat, by 1218 votes in the general election in November, 1926. Following his retirement from the bench, Otto began the practice of law in Jefferson City, and has had considerable practice before State Commissions and Departments.

It is known Gov. Baker would have made him a member of the workmen's compensation commission if Otto had desired it. The Governor later desired Otto's appointment as counsel for the State Highway Commission, which would have permitted him to carry on his local practice. The Commission did not carry out the Governor's wishes, and promoted Lon Lozier, a Democrat, from within the Department to be the Commission's counsel.

The Governor later appointed Otto a member of his personal staff of honorary colonels, and designated him as his official representative to greet Col. Lindbergh in New York, following Lindbergh's trans-Atlantic flight.

NIGHT CREWS AT WORK ON BRIDGE AT CAIRO

Cairo, Ill., October 14.—Night crews have been added to the force at work on the highway bridge which is being built across the Mississippi River to Missouri, here.

A fleet of barges and other equipment is being brought here from Louisiana, Mo., where the Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron Co. has completed its part of a new bridge across the Mississippi.

The bridge at Cairo will connect the concrete road system of Illinois with that of Southeast Missouri. This will give an open route the year around to tourists from north to south and from the east to the west.

Highway No. 60 crosses Mississippi County from the bridge, connecting with Scott County on the west. No. 55 traverses the county south then southeast, stopping at Wolf Island, which connects the county with Kentucky.

It is reported that the hookworm disease has been practically eradicated by the Rockefeller foundation. It's the oily bird that gets the hookworm, you see.—San Diego Union.

VATICAN ORGAN WANTS PRINCIPALITY FOR POPE

Rome, October 14.—The Osservatore Romano, organ of the Vatican, publishes a demand for restoration of the Pope's temporal power which is considered a mitigation of the official severity in the Holy See's attitude toward Italy.

This marks a complete reversal of policy from the Osservatore's stand expressed last Saturday. It also removes one great obstacle in setting up a tiny independent State for the Pope since Premier Mussolini has declared he could never agree to international interference in any settlement or negotiations with the Vatican.

The Osservatore proposes creation of an independent principality which would include that section of Rome occupied by the Vatican and St. Peter's. It would be small enough to be no threat to Italy, but would give the Holy See that temporal power which it demands as proof of its complete independence.

The article is not initialed, an indication that the official seal has not been set upon it. But the mere fact that it has appeared is a sign that the Vatican intends to keep ajar the door to further expression of opinion. It is now two years since unofficial, but licensed exchange of views began and this is the first time they have reached anything approaching common ground.

The Osservatore article is a reply to the Milanese Corriere Della Sera's claim that the Pope already enjoys the full measure of liberty. The pontiffs themselves are the best judges of that, says the Osservatore, and not only the reigning Pope but five predecessors, all Italians, have felt the difficulties of their position.

All have proclaimed to the Catholic world that it is impossible for the church's supreme head to accept the actual situation as legitimate.

The change of policy is noticeable as contrasted with last Saturday's statement that the liberty and independence of the Pope should no only be real and perfect, but manifest to the whole world not the result of particular legislation by any one government, but recognized by foreign governments and peoples.

AFTER A TEMPEST

The day had been a day of wind and storm; but the storm was overpast and the wind was laid, and stooping on the wide earth.

I stood upon the upland slope and cast my eye upon a broad and beautiful scene.

The vast plane lay girt by vast mountains, and hills over hills lifted their green heads.

On the trees glistened the raindrops—and the lofty shadows on the tall grass were not stirred, save when a shower of diamonds to the ground was shaken by a frightened feathered creature. Bees were heard about the flowers, the rivulet sung and gossiped as he hastened oceanward. The squirrel clung to the gray oak, and from the ground the chirping grasshopper upsprung. The farmer again swung the scythe and 'twixt the heavy

Nearby and Yonder

By T. T. MAXEY

WNU Service

Chicago's Sewage Treatment Plant

THE tremendous importance, staggering magnitude and surprising cost involved in the satisfactory and economic disposition of sewage in large cities is brought home by the great "treatment" plant about completed on the north rim of Chicago by the Sanitary District of Chicago.

The method of collecting sewage is well standardized—the sewage from stores, homes and factories drains into small laterals, which drain into larger or main sewers, but the method of disposition varies according to local conditions.

The Sanitary District of Chicago

embraces the city proper, the suburban and manufacturing areas between the Indiana and Wisconsin state lines and similar areas northwest, west and southwest of the city. The estimated volume of sewage and industrial waste in this district averaged 885,000,000 gallons daily in 1926.

When this new treatment plant is placed in operation the sewage passed to it will be put through aerated filters, where it will be chemically treated, then run through settling tanks and grit chambers and finally piped to another plant, where it will be dried and sacked preparatory to being sold as fertilizer.

When completed this plant and the necessary connecting sewers, pumps, etc., shall have cost the taxpayers something like \$13,500,000, and will be the latest improved scientific sewage treatment plant in the United States. Designed for a population of 800,000, it will serve an area covering 62 square miles.

Several smaller plants serve other sections of the city.

(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

CITY AUTOMOBILE LICENSE NOW DUE

All auto licenses issued by the City of Sikeston will expire October 14, 1927, therefore it will be necessary to purchase new license covering period from October 14, 1927, to October 14, 1928.

It is against the city ordinances for anyone residing within the city limits of Sikeston to operate a motor vehicle after October 14, 1927, without these license.

This is a general notice to all auto owners and should be given your prompt attention.

P. H. Stevenson City Clerk

swaths the children were at play. It was a scene of peace and like a spell, upon the motionless wood, the golden sunlight leaped.

Lo, the clouds roll away—the break—they fly, and like the glorious light of summer cast over the wide landscape, on the peaceful world the smile of heaven shall lie.—Juanita Briggs.

What goes up also comes down, but the cost of living seems to have remarkable resistance to the pull of gravitation.—Asheville Times.

Eskimos find fishhooks useful as money. Perhaps they thus find it easier to land a sucker in driving a hard bargain.—Manchester Union.

Some of the Presidential "possibilities" can be considered so only in the sense of Napoleon's remark that "nothing is impossible".—Beloit Daily News.

When the doughboys return from France they will be plain boys, having left the dough over there.—Louisville Times.

Another thing we have noticed in our journey through this old vale of tears, etc., is that anything that has to be protected agains being laughed at deserves to be.—Ohio State Journal.

The millennium will be here soon after nations become as horrified by their own sins as they are by the other fellow's.—Lincoln Star.

At the Rock River Methodist conference a living wage was discussed. Preachers are always talking about something which they had no experience.—American Lumberman (Chicago).

Girls Wanted

Be independent; learn a profession. The Cape Girardeau School of Beauty Culture will open October 24. For information phone 2078 or call at

910 BROADWAY, CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.

WE MAKE 'EM LIKE NEW



A Service For You

IN THOSE matters in which the purchaser may not be expert, the jeweler owes a professional duty to the public.

IN HELPING the customer to select quality in diamonds; the proper percentage of Iridium in Platinum; the best wearing qualities in Gold, the most dependability in Watches, and so forth, the reputable jeweler can render a real service to his customer.

Hess & Culbertson
Jewelry Company
OLIVE STREET AT NINTH
SOUTHEAST CORNER
ST. LOUIS, MO.

JEWELERS FOR 45 YEARS

Overcoats, Ladies' Coats,
Suits
Hats and Caps

Promptness and Courtesy

Sikeston Cleaning Company

"We Clean What Others Try"